Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 13. VICTORIA, B.C., FRIDAY, AUG. 29, 1890. No. 52

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted, Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 25 cents for each insertion; and pro rata for more space or longer time.

WANTED—A Wet Nurse immediately. Good wages will be paid. Apply A. M., TIMES office. au29-3t

WANTED—A nurse Girl. Apply 112, Fort street. aug28-1w

WANTED—A reliable young man with business ability requires a situation; good salesman, understanding book-keeping, shorthand, and not afraid of work. Best of references. Apply H. TIMES office. aug28-1t

WANTED—A general Servant. Apply to S, TIMES office. au27-3t

WANTED—Employment by a steady middle aged man (without incumbrance) as a light porter, messenger or caretaker in a business house, or to make himself generally useful about a gentleman's farm or garden. Good references here and to England, security if required. Apply to K. J. Davis, Angel Hotel, Langley street, Victoria, B. C. au26-1w

WANTED—A Girl to do plain cooking. Apply to Mrs. P. R. Brown, Scoresby street. aug21-tf

WANTED—By a first class Cutter a position in a good establishment. Best of references and testimonials. Address G. R. Baker, 327 St. Lawrence street, Beauharnois, Que. aug15-tf

WANTED—Immediately; a woman servant to do cooking and general work. Good wages will be given. Apply at Mrs. Crossdaile's, Pemberton Road. au13-tf

WANTED—At once a nurse girl for small family. Apply 3 St. Lawrence street, James Bay. aug12-tf

HELP—The employers of labor will find it to their advantage to call on us, at the White Labor Employment Bureau, 94 Yates street, Victoria, when reliable help is required. Also Candies, Cigars, Fruits, etc. BINGHAM & REYNARD. jun4-3m

TO LET.

TO LET—Stores and offices on Douglas street. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. aug15

TO RENT—New five roomed Dwelling; bath room, hot and cold water, 3 lots Dallas Road. Apply Monteith & Milligan, 53 Government street. aug12-tf

TO LET—After July 1st, the handsome residence Maplehurst, 153 Blanchard street, unfurnished. Apply C. W. Rhodes. ap18-tf

BOARD.

MRS. CROWTHER'S—Private Board and Lodging House corner of Pandora and Quadra streets. Board by the meal, day or week. ju31-1m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A Farm of 160 acres in Cowichan District, 3 miles from McPhersons station. Ten acres slashed, 5 acres seeded and all fenced. A good durable house 16x24; 3 rooms and lean-to kitchen. Out houses, stables, etc. Apply to TIMES office. aug29-1w

FOR SALE—One horse cart and harness very cheap. Must be sold at once. Apply to E. Beaven, 156 Yates street. au29-tf

FOR SALE—House and three Lots, Victoria West, beautifully situated, fine fruit trees, outbuildings, etc. A bargain at $2000. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. aug15

FOR SALE—VICTORIA WEST—Lots in meadow, rich soil, high, dry and close to tramway in Victoria West proper. $350. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. aug15

FOR SALE—ONE LOT—In orchard, splendid fruit trees in full bearing, one minute from tramway; $475. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. aug15

FOR SALE—Two fine Building Lots, corner Simcoe and Croft street. Apply to Pilot Thompson, P.O. box 294, City. au25-1w

FARM FOR SALE—One hundred acres, 20 acres cultivated, 20 more partly cleared, log house and outbuildings 9 miles from town. Apply Robinson and Fhiling, 56 Fort St. a25-1w

FOR SALE—Store and Residence. For particulars address E. P. TIMES office, Victoria, B. C. aug22-2w

FOR SALE—Cottage, Barn and Garden, Work Estate, price $2000; terms $500 cash, balance in 3 years. Crane, McGregor & Boggs. a15

FOR SALE—10 acres good Land 3½ miles from city; $1,500. Crane, McGregor and Boggs a15

FOR SALE—Lot on Parry street, James Bay; $750. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. au15

FOR SALE—Business, good Hotel at Revelstoke, B.C. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. a15

LOST OR FOUND.

REWARD—$25 will be paid for the conviction of anyone removing without authority the sign of the RED CROSS from lands for sale by us or defacing our properties. Crane, McGregor & Boggs, brokers, 30 Broad St. au15

PHYSICIANS.

HOMŒPATHIC REMOVAL. DR. J. HALL

Will leave his rooms on Pandora street on Monday, December 2nd, for the new brick block corner of Yates and Douglas streets, where he may be consulted at the usual hours, from 1 to 4 p.m., excepting Sundays and holidays. nov27

J. K. GARROW, M. D.

(Lately attending Guy's Hospital, London, and Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh.) Specialties: Diseases of Women and Children and Chronic Diseases. Office and residence, corner of Douglas and Pandora streets, directly opposite City Hall. Office hours:—9 to 11 a.m., 1 to 3, and 7 to 8:30 p.m. Calls in city or country promptly attended to. nov9-3m

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER, ARCHITECT

Office on the New Methodist Church site, corner Johnson and Quadra streets. jly5-tf

P. H. DONOVAN, ARCHITECT.

Office, Craft & Norris Block, Douglas street. Plans and specifications furnished on the shortest notice. ap2tf

T. B. NORGATE, ARCHITECT

and Mechanical Engineer. Drawings for Patent Office. Office, Moody's Block, 76 Yates street, Victoria, B. C. m20tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT.

Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

INSURANCE.

TO INSURE—Your house at lowest rates call on Crane, McGregor & Boggs, agents Citizens. au15

INSURE—In the Sun, Life and Accident. Crane, McGregor & Boggs. au15

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.

Established 1797. Amount Insured $[illegible]. H. DALLMCKEN, Agent, Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan5-1y

JOHN J. AUSTIN. NOTARY PUBLIC.

Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street, Victoria. P.O. Box [illegible].

SOCIETIES.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, [illegible] the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street, sojourning companions cordially invited. W. J. QUINLAN, jel-1y Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P. Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall; Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. R. J. PLUMMER, oct9 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

SCAVENGERS.

THOMAS LANCASTER, SCAVENGER.

Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Orders may be left at Demers and Son, Grocers, corner Douglas and Pandora streets; Mr. Fee, corner North Park and Quadra streets; Mr. Nathan, Spring Ridge; Mr. Moffatt, corner Fort and Blanchard streets. aug16-1m

PETER HANSEN CITY SCAVENGER.

Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.

Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.

Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. jul8

JOHN DOHERTY GENERAL SCAVENGER.

Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. aug22-1y

CIVIL ENGINEERS, Etc.

C. W. BUSK, Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., M. Can. Soc. C.E. MINING AND GENERAL SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER.

Plans and estimates furnished, reports prepared, works undertaken, and contracts superintended for all kinds of Engineering or Surveying work in the south part of the West Kootenay District.

Address P. O. Box 346, Victoria, B.C., or Nelson, Kootenay Lake, B. C. jan29

G. HARGREAVES, CIVIL ENGINEER, LAND SURVEYOR AND ARCHITECT.

Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. corner of Government and Fort streets, upstairs, Victoria, B. C.

GRAY & DEVEREUX, CIVIL ENGINEERS

And Railway, Land and Mine Surveyors. Plans, specifications and estimates of structures and excavations prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington. Timber limits located. Office—Room "C," White House (upstairs), Government street. P.O. Box 358. Branch office in Seattle. feb7-6m

BANKERS.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO. BANKERS.

Government street, Victoria, B. C. Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits. Gold dust and U. S. currency purchased at highest market rates. Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers to San Francisco, New York and Canada. Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland. Letters of Credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe. Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE.

Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND FITTERS.

Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

HYDROPHOBIA.

Distinguishing Differences Between the False and Real.

Dr. Hammond in the North American Review, says: It may be laid down in the very beginning of our consideration of the subject that the victim of false hydrophobia can only have these symptoms of which he has knowledge. Unfortunately the real disease has received so much notice from newspapers and other popular publications that a tolerably correct knowledge of its phenomena has been acquired by the laity. Hence, we find that the picture ordinarily presented by the unconscious simulator is, at least to cursory observation, not unlike the real affection. There are, however, great differences which the educated physician will not fail to detect, and which will enable him to do what has never been yet done with real hydrophia—cure the patient.

Hydrophodia never originates, in the human subject at least, except by inoculation from a rabid animal, and death always occurs in four or five days after the development of the disease. A case of so called hydrophobia came under my notice, in which it was stated that the patient had been bitten some three months previous by a dog undoubtedly hydrophobic. I inquired as to what become of the dog, and was informed that he was still living, having recovered. It was not necessary to examine any further into the particulars of the case, for if the dog had really been the subject of hydrophodia, he would have been dead very shortly after biting my patient.

Again it often happens that a person easily affected by suggestions has what he conceives to be the symptoms of hydrophobia developed very soon after having been bitten by a rabid animal, whereas the real disease rarely supervenes until after a month has elapsed from the time of inoculation. It is true there are cases on record in which the period of incubation was less than that, but they are exceedingly rare. In my own case the time has varied from 25 days to four months and a half. Cases in which the disease is said to have supervened many years after an alleged inoculation ought to be received with doubt. The interval probably never exceeds two years or less than ten days.—Dr. Hammond in the North American Review.

A YOUNG CRIMINAL.

EXECUTED IN COLUMBUS FOR KILLING A GIRL.

Only Sixteen Years Old but Did not Tremble—Another Woman-Killer Executed—Two Desperadoes Fight to a Finish With Knives and Pistols.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 29.—Otto Leuth, the Cleveland boy murderer who outraged and then killed little Maggie Thomson in that city, May 9th, 1889, was executed in the penitentiary here shortly after midnight this morning.

With him was also executed John, alias "Brocky," Smith, who so horribly butchered old Bridget Byron in Cincinnati December 8th, 1889.

Leuth was only sixteen years of age when the crime was committed, and is one of the youngest criminals ever executed in this country. Shortly after eleven o'clock a march from the Warden's office to the annex of the prison was taken up, the line being headed by Warden Dyer and his assistants, followed by the representatives of the press and about thirty persons who held special permits. Arriving at the annex, the death warrants were read to both Leuth and Smith. Leuth was then marched to the scaffold, ascending the stairs with firm steps. The noose having been adjusted, Leuth was asked if he had anything to say. He complained of them hurting while tying his hands, and then said, "Now do that business good. All ready let it go." The trap was sprung at 12:05. The drop was seven feet and a half, and the boy's neck was broken. Five minutes after Leuth was cut down. Smith was escorted to the scaffold, bearing the same unconcerned appearance he has maintained since his confinement.

The noose was adjusted, and being asked to talk, Smith said he had nothing to say more than he had said during the past nine months, that he committed the crime, but that it was not done for robbery. The trap was sprung at 12:36, the drop being eight feet. Smith's neck was broken and he was pronounced dead at 12:51.

A Desperate Battle.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—A Herald special from Louisville says: One of the most desperate battles fought between man and man took place near Middlesboro last night about 9 o'clock, between Marsh Turner of the famous Turner gang, and Steve Warrick, another desperado of more than local fame. Warrick's brother-in-law is a huckster and called yesterday morning to see Warrick, and he drove across a lot which is owned and occupied by Turner. Turner ordered the pedlar's wagon off the premises. Turner and Warrick met at 7 o'clock last evening and went to fighting. After a few words Turner used his revolver and Warrick a large knife. A terrible combat lasted fully fifteen minutes and resulted in Warrick receiving a pistol shot in the breast about an inch above the heart, passing entirely through his body. Turner received eleven knife gashes in all, one of which penetrated the abdomen, which will prove fatal. The father of Marsh Turner attempted to separate the two men and received ugly knife wounds on the hand for his pains. Police Officer Jas. Parham, who also attempted to arrest the men, was badly cut about the hands and arms. Warrick died this morning and Turner is sinking.

An American Baron.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—A Times special from Pittsburg says: The romantic history of Dr. John Sackville, now in the Allegany county workhouse, has just come to light. Dr. Sackville is a near relative of the Lord Sackville-West, baronet, Minister at Washington, who was recalled by Lord Salisbury during the Cleveland administration. Sackville came to Washington, Pennsylvania, twenty-one years ago, having run away from his home in England. He took out a medical degree and built up a big practice there. He came to Pittsburg frequently, and being a victim of inebriety finally got sent to the workhouse for twenty days. During his imprisonment letters arrived at his home from Sackville West, in England, clearly showing that Dr. Sackville is next heir to the large estate of the present lord, who has no son. Dr. Sackville married during his residence in Washington and has one son, who may some day become Lord Sackville.

New Turfite.

NEW YORK, Aug. 28.—The black 2-year-old Rey del Rey will run in the Futurity Stakes at the Coney Island track Saturday next as the property of Frank Ehret, the latest addition to millionaire turfmen. Trainer Matt Allen yesterday completed the purchase of the entire stable of Theodore Winters, with the exception of El Rio Rey, who is intended for Mr. Winters' stud, where he will take the place of his honored sire Norfolk. The lot includes El Rio Rey's brother, Rey del Rey, whom many horsemen fancy very strongly for the Futurity, Joe Courtney, Noreta and several others of inferior note. The amount paid was $85,000. Ehret secured a bargain. Winters refused to sell anything but his entire stable, and Allen negotiated for the lot. Allen will take charge.

Arrested Aldermen.

BIDDEFORD, Me., Aug. 28.—A sensation was created here this morning when United States Marshal Hal. Sanders, of Portland, placed under arrest seven aldermen of Biddeford and took them to Portland on warrants from the United States district court. The aldermen are charged with neglecting to strike from the Biddeford voting lists the names of parties not legally entitled to vote, and for conspiracy in arranging a place on the list of names of persons not legal voters. The action is the culmination of the recent naturalization troubles in Biddeford.

Will Be Ren.

PORT TOWNSEND, Aug. 28.—J. C. Haines is authority for the statement that the steamer Eastern Oregon is not to be taken off the present route unless forced to do so by the Union Pacific Company, which claims to have an agreement with the Oregon Improvement Company by which the latter was not to invade the territory of the former company.

Progress at Port Angeles.

PORT ANGELES, Aug. 28.—The Catholics of this place have organized and will put up a fine church to worship in. They have collected quite a large sum already toward this end. The Baptists also organized yesterday. Rev. E. G. Wheeler, who is the Coast representative of the Baptist Publication Society, preached in the morning and evening. They start off with flattering prospects.

A RUSHING MONSTER.

Cruiser San Francisco Makes Twenty Knots—$100,000 Bonus.

SANTA BARBARA, Aug. 28.—The new cruiser San Francisco gave a splendid performance on her official trip. The trial was made under the most favorable circumstances as far as the weather was concerned. The average speed of the San Francisco was 19.51 knots per hour. It is generally believed that the speed would have been greater than this had it not been for an unfortunate accident which occurred during the progress of the trial. Water got into one of the chambers through which a current of air is fanned to the furnaces for the purpose of producing a forced draft, and consequently water was being forced into the ashpan and then into the fire, and it was necessary to stop one of the fans for some time, until the chamber could be cleared of the accumulated body of water. It is estimated that the time lost by the accident amounted to four minutes, which, if it could be allowed to the San Francisco's credit, would have given her an average of 19.88 knots. However, her maximum speed would be over twenty knots. The average speed actually made entitles her builders to a premium of $100,000, and it is not probable that another trial will be held.

Notwithstanding the terrific rate of speed which she attained, the cruiser was perfectly steady, there being not the slightest roll or pitch perceptible. The quiver of a ship which necessarily follows such rapid movement of machinery was also comparatively slight, and there was a marked difference between the San Francisco and the Charleston in this respect.

SWAM SIXTY MILES.

David Dalton Crosses From Cape Grisnez to Folkestone.

The great attempt of the American swimmer, David Dalton, to swim across the English channel resulted in his success last Sunday night, when he arrived at Folkestone, after traversing a distance of 60 miles and being in the water 23 hours and 28 minutes continuously. The beach was thronged with people awaiting his landing, and a small fleet of crafts were sailing on the lookout for him. There was great enthusiasm in the crowd on shore and afloat, and a murmur of genuine sympathy went up when Dalton finally staggered up the sand and fell fainting a few feet from the water's edge. He was exhausted. Dalton started from Cape Grisnez on the French shore. He was accompanied by the life boat Ocean King.

He crossed over to France in a lifeboat and in the early evening started on his great task. He had every confidence in himself, declaring that he would swim on his back entirely, which he did, and relied on leg propulsion for his headway. Thus he secured opportunities for rest more frequently than any other mode of swimming would permit. He was in the pink of perfection when the swim began, having been in training for some weeks. He did not anticipate being able to complete his task in less than 23 hours. The Ocean King was accompanied by a small boat, which rowing between her and the swimmer, served to keep Dalton in communication with those on board. About three miles off Hythe Dalton began to exhibit symptoms of fatigue and weakness, but after taking some stimulants he struck out with renewed vigor. As he approached Folkestone he became very exhausted, but still struggled on very pluckily, resting at intervals of three minutes and finally landed amid tremendous cheering. Every attention was paid to him when he fainted, and he was taken to the hotel, where everything was done for him. The feat is regarded as more wonderful than that of the ill-fated Capt. Webb, who was the first to really swim across the channel.

The aspirant for literary honors with pecuniary remuneration should remember that the most famous names in the literary guild earned their money for the most part in other than literary ways. Bryant was an editor and publisher. Longfellow and Holmes and Lowell were Harvard professors. Emerson and Bayard Taylor were lecturers, and Taylor was also a Tribune editor. Curtis and Stoddard depend upon editorial salaries; Stedman is a broker, and Halleck was John Jacob Astor's private secretary. And one might go further with this list. Whittier began as an editor, and only in middle life attempted to lean upon literature alone for a support, which his early savings and simple habits made possible. It was always Longfellow's advice to young men who wished to be literary to have first, and mainly, a vocation independent of the finer muse. If a young writer thinks he posesses genius he may, of course, experiment with it; but it will serve his purse and peace of mind better to secure some source of labor and income that is more philistine and worldly, and ride his Pegasus only at inspired intervals. For it is a fact, in spite of the occasional big figures that are given as the results of literary work, pure and simple, that the men who prosper or have prospered by that alone, are only, at any one time, a few dozen in number among our sixty-five millions of people.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Steam Laundry, telephone No. 407. Branch offices, 74 Yates street and Trounce alley.

EUROPEAN GOSSIP.

MILITARY OFFICERS IMPLICATED IN THE LATEST SCANDAL.

The American Consul for Sicily Censured for Warning Tourists against Bandits—The Welsh Railway Employees Again Threaten to Strike.

LONDON, Aug. 29.—The scandal recently unearthed in Wurtemburg grows more serious as further developments are made. The police have verified the existence of numerous societies formed for the purpose of mutual indulgence in all forms of the greatest vice. Hundreds of arrests have been made and the public feeling at Stuttgart is greatly excited. Official inquiry into the matter is awaited with painful anxiety. The officers of the crack Uhlan regiment are among the persons implicated. The king refused to stifle the investigation despite the great pressure brought to bear upon him by the friends of the accused.

The Sicilians are deeply incensed at the American consul in Palermo for warning visitors not to travel in the interior of Sicily as many robberies are being committed by bands. On the other hand the consul is being congratulated by the foreign residents and tourists who hope this courageous action will result in measures being taken by the Italian Government to bring about a safer condition of affairs on the island.

The movement for the recolonization of Palestine by the Jews has received an impetus by the revival of the anti-Semitic laws in Russia. Hundreds of families of Russian Jews are arranging to emigrate to Jerusalem to escape persecution. Funds have been started in several towns to aid the poorer Hebrews to carry out this plan.

The employees of the Welsh railways have announced that they will strike again if the demands of the signalmen are not granted.

The dockmen have cabled five thousand dollars to the striking Australian dockmen. Many of the men who are able to, have subscribed a shilling a day, instead of a week, as pledged by the resolution of the union.

The Egyptian cotton crop is expected according to the present estimates to amount to 325,000,000 cantars, or 146,250,000 pounds.

A slight skirmish is reported to have taken place on the Asiatic frontier of Turkey, between some Armenian troops on Russian service and a party of Kurds. The Kurds were driven back after some firing leaving several wounded on the field whom the Armenians immediately put to death.

A dispatch from Calcutta says the Ameer of Cabul has returned in triumph to his capital, after an absence of two years, during which he has been engaged in subduing rebels against his authority. He has treated the rebels with great severity and cruelty. All Afghanistan is tranquil and subject to the Ameer, his principal enemies being fugitives in the Russian territory.

Horrible Tragedy.

HAMBURG, Aug. 28.—A farmer named Bruns, who lived in the village of Westerwich, having cause to suspect his wife of unfaithfulness, called her and their children in the cellar, barred the doors and declared she must die for her crime. He made them all kneel down and pray for forgiveness of her sin. This done, he bound her to a wooden bench and with a sabre he hacked her head off. He then blew out his brains. The screams of the children attracted the attention of neighbors, who broke open the door and found the little ones bespattered with the blood of their mother.

Australian Strikes of Gigantic Extent.

MELBOURNE, Aug 28.—The gas stokers went out on a strike to-day. Their grievances state that the company employ non-union men. The New Zealand Ship Company's hands will strike tomorrow, stopping all seaboard traffic. A message from Sidney says there is great excitement among strikers at Newcastle, and troops have been dispatched to that town in anticipation of trouble. The leading engine foundry in Ballarat has been closed owing to lack of coal, caused by the strike of coal miners. The Association of Mine Owners will close all the local pits in Newcastle, the men having broken their agreement them.

SIR JOHN THOMPSON

Returns From the Old Country—His Mission There, Etc.

OTTAWA, Aug. 28.—Sir John Thompson returned yesterday from England looking well after his trip abroad. Regarding the precise result of his mission he is not prepared to make any definite statement just now, but he talked freely to the newspaper correspondent. He says, "Great interest is being taken in the Behring sea question in England, both by the British public and the Imperial Government. One thing is certain, the Imperial Government is fully alive to the importance of protecting Canadian interests from any further aggression. The Government thinks our contentions are right and that we have done all that could be done in the way of forebearance. I think Secretary Blaine has been very unfair in the correspondence he has conducted. He has several times misquoted himself and accused Lord Salisbury of doing the same thing. This constitutes a double offence. I think the British proposition for arbitration ought to remove all bitterness from the dispute. No reply to it had been received when I left England. If the United States do not arbitrate I feel certain that they will not persist in the course taken until now. That is, I think, they will either arbitrate or offer no further molestions until the negotiations have advanced a further stage. The interests of both countries are for a peaceful settlement, [illegible] no crisis is to be apprehended. The presence of the war vessels this summer at Victoria had no special significance.

With regard to the Atlantic fishery question no further progress has been made. I attended in part to the copyright question while abroad. I am convinced that the position taken by Canada in regard to that question is the right one. I am satisfied that any legislation on the subject of copyright which is desired by the Canadian Parliament will be conceded by the Imperial authorities. The act passed by our House for copyright was not disallowed. It can be brought into operation by an Imperial proclamation, but this has not yet been done, pending a consultation with Her Majesty's Government.

DISSOLUTION THIS YEAR.

Sir John's Intentions Told by an Alleged "Prominent Official" at Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Aug. 24.—Sir John Macdonald has decided to dissolve parliament within a short time and appeal to the country for re-election before Christmas. The natural term of the present parliament does not expire until 1892. A prominent official, who is in the confidence of the Government, in referring to the coming election, said to-night that the Government's position would not be improved by delaying an appeal to the country. The Liberals have openly stated that next session they were going to open the whole question of extending Canadian commercial relations with the United States, which they have made the main plank of their political platform. The Government is aware of the rapidly growing feeling in that direction throughout the country, and sees danger ahead if it allows this feeling to obtain greater strength before the next election. Sir John cannot longer ignore the fact that Canada wants to have her relations with the United States extended to the utmost possible limit, and to offer further opposition to the Liberal policy in Parliament, as he would have to do, or admit his own policy a failure when parliament meets next session, would be political suicide.

EZETA SIGNS THE TREATY.

Peace Assured Among the Little Central American States.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 28.—Dispatches from San Salvador state that the protocol of peace was signed to-day. Similar advices have been received from Guatemala.

SONSONATE, Guatemala, Aug. 28.—This morning in the face of the armistice agreed upon by Guatemala, Salvador and Honduras, and which was to end at 6 o'clock to-day if peace arrangements were not perfected, the Guatemala forces on the frontier shelled the position occupied by the Salvadorans at El Coco in Salvador near the border. At the time the shelling of El Coco was taking place, Barrillas had a peace proposition in his hands and could not be ignorant of what was passing on the frontier, as a half-hour afterwards he signed the peace treaty on the basis laid down by Ezeta, and which fact he caused to be telegraphed to that functionary at once. The reasons given for Barillas signing the peace treaty are first, because country is practically bankrupt; second, because he fears the downfall of the government owing to interior revolutions, and third, because he desires a loan of $21,000,000 to be carried through in France.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Items of Interest Received by Telegraph from Different Points.

James Kelsie, a Commercial Hotel porter at Guelph, fell down stairs and was killed.

Mr. Adam Brown, commissioner for the Jamaica Exhibition, believes it would add materially to the interest of the proposed Canadian exhibit if pictures of our leading cities could be prepared and sent to Jamaica.

The Kingston regatta last week was the liveliest and most disastrous ever experienced there. A howling gale arose after the yachts started, and it created disaster, the Volante, of Hamilton, stranding at Point Frederick. The crew were saved. The Nora, Yama, Merle, Samoa, and Gerda stood out the gale, and came in victorious.

An extraordinary accident occurred the other evening to Mr. Robert Pillsworth who broke both arms near the wrist, while splitting wood at his residence, N. Chatham. He can't understand how the accident happened, but the axe seem to have rebounded when it struck the wood and given his arms a severe twist.

Deputy Adjutant-General Houghton writes an open letter replying to the parting address of General Middleton. Col. Houghton is moved to this action by the fact that the General recommended him for brevet promotion only and not for the C. M. G. rank, as alleged by the General. He charges the General with jealousy and unfairness, and blames him for deprecating the services of his second in command.

Wm. Vaughan, of Chislehurst, England, President of the Mexican Land Association, is in Ottawa on his way to the Pacific coast, where he will, if circumstances prove favorable, invest in Victoria town property. While in this city he will also make an inspection of the rolling stock and workings of the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk railways in the interest of a number of British stockholders of the Grand Trunk.

Argentine Women.

"The women of the Argentine Republic are beautiful, exceedingly so, as a rule, but only when young," said a traveler. "Their skin will be as white as snow, their eyes dark and flashing, or languishing. But they generally marry in their teens, and will age in a year. I was acquainted with a beautiful young lady in Buenos Ayres. Business called me away for about a year. In the meantime she got married. When I saw her again I was simply astounded. I would [illegible] her [illegible] withered [illegible] faded and [illegible] and haggard at [illegible]

DESERTER

By Capt. Charles King, U.S.A.

Author of "Dunraven Ranch," "The Colonel's Daughter," "Marion's Faith," etc.

CHAPTER IX.—(Continued.)

An odd letter, indeed, for a girl not yet twenty, and not of a hope inspiring character; but when it reached Mr. Van Antwerp he did not pale in reading it; his face was ghastly before he began. If anything, he seemed relieved by some passages, though rejoiced by none. Then he took from an inner pocket the letter that had reached him a few days previous, and all alone in his room, late at night, he read it over again, threw it upon the table at which he was sitting, then, with passionate abandonment, buried his face in his arms and groaned aloud in anguish.

Two days after writing this letter Miss Travers was so unfortunate as to hear a conversation in the dining room which was not intended for her ears. She had gone to her room immediately after breakfast, and glancing from her window saw that the officers were just going to headquarters for the daily matinee. For half or three-quarters of an hour, therefore, there could be no probable interruption; and she decided to write an answer to the letter which came from Mr. Van Antwerp the previous afternoon. A bright fire was burning in the old-fashioned stove with which frontier quarters are warmed if not ornamented, and she perched her little, slippered feet upon the hearth, took her portfolio in her lap and began. Mrs. Rayner was in the nursery, absorbed with the baby and the nurse, when a servant came and announced that "a lady was in the kitchen" and wanted to speak with the lady of the house. Mrs. Rayner promptly responded that she was busy and couldn't be disturbed, and wondered who it could be that came to her kitchen to see her.

"Can I be of service, Kate?" called Miss Travers. "I will run down, if you say so."

"I wish you would," was the reply, and Miss Travers put aside her writing. "Didn't she give any name?" asked Mrs. Rayner of the Abigail, who was standing with her head just visible at the stairway, it being one of the unconquerable tenets of frontier domestics to go no farther than is absolutely necessary in conveying messages of any kind, and this damsel, though new to the neighborhood, was native and to the manner born in all the tricks of the trade.

"She said you knew her name, ma'am. She's the lady from the hospital."

"Here, Jane take the baby! Never mind, Nellie; I must go!" And Mrs. Rayner started with surprising alacrity; but as she passed her door Miss Travers saw the look of deep anxiety on her face.

A moment later she heard voices at the front door—a party of ladies who were going to spend the morning with the colonel's wife at some "Dorcas society" work which many of them had embraced with enthusiasm. "I want to see Miss Travers, just a minute," she heard a voice say, and recognized the pleasant tones of Mrs. Curtis, the young wife of one of the infantry officers; so a second time she put aside her writing, and then ran down to the front door. Mrs. Curtis merely wanted to remind her that she must be sure to come and spend the afternoon with her and bring her music, and was dismayed to find that Miss Travers could not come before stable call; she had an engagement.

"Of course; I might have known it, you are besieged every hour. Well, can you come to-morrow? Do." And, to-morrow being settled upon, and despite the fact that several of the party waiting on the sidewalk looked cold and impatient, Mrs. Curtis found it impossible to tear herself away until certain utterly irrelevant matters had been lightly touched upon and lingeringly abandoned. The officers were just beginning to pour forth from headquarters when the group of ladies finally got under way again and Miss Travers closed the door. It was now useless to return to her letter; so she strolled into the parlor just as she heard her sister's voice at the kitchen door:

"Come right in here, Mrs. Clancy. Now, quick, what is it?"

And from the dining room came the answer, hurried, half whispered and mysterious:

"He's been drinkin' ever since he got out of hospital, ma'am, an' he's worse than ever about Loot'nant Hayne. It's mischief he'll be doin', ma'am; he's crazy like"——

"Mrs. Clancy, you must watch him. You— Hush!"

And here she stopped short, for, in astonishment at what she had already heard, and in her instant effort to hear no more of what was so evidently not intended for her, Miss Travers hurried from the parlor, the swish of her skirts telling loudly of her presence there. She went again to her room. What could it mean? Why was her proud, imperious Kate holding secret interviews with this coarse and vulgar woman? What concern was it of hers that Clancy should be "worse" about Mr. Hayne? It could not mean that the mischief he would do, was mischief to the man who had saved his life and his property. That was out of the question. It could not mean that the poor, broken down, drunken fellow had the means in his power of further harming a man who has already been made to suffer so much. Indeed, Kate's very exclamation, the very tone in which she spoke, showed a distress of mind that arose from no fear for one whom she hated as she hated Hayne. Her anxiety was personal. It was for her husband and for herself she feared, or woman's tone and tongue never yet revealed a secret.

Nellie Travers stood in her room stunned and bewildered, yet trying hard to recall and put together all the scattered stories and rumors that had reached her about the strange conduct of Clancy after he was taken to the hospital—especially about his heart-broken wail when told that it was Lieut. Hayne who had rescued him and little Kate from hideous death. Somewhere, somehow, this man was connected with the mystery which encircled the long-hidden truth in Hayne's trouble. Could it be possible that he did not realize it, and that her sister had discovered it? Could it be—oh, heaven! no!—could it be that Kate was standing between that lonely and friendless man and the revelation that would set him right? She could not believe it of her! She would not believe it of her sister! And yet what did Kate mean by charging Mrs. Clancy to watch him—that drunken husband? What could it mean but that she was striving to prevent Mr. Hayne's ever hearing the truth? She longed to learn more and solve the riddle once and for all.

They were still earnestly talking together down in the dining-room but she could not listen. Kate knew her so well that she had not closed the door leading into the hall, though both she and the laundress of Company B had lowered their voices. It was disgraceful at best, thought Miss Travers, it was beneath her sister, that she should hold any private conversation with a woman of that class. Confidences with such were contamination. She half determined to rush down stairs and put an end to it, but was saved the scene; fresh young voices, hearty ringing tones, and the stamp of heavy boot heels were heard at the door; and as Rayner entered, ushering in Royce and Graham, Mrs. Rayner and the laundress fled once more to the kitchen.

When the sisters found themselves alone again, it was late in the evening. Mrs. Rayner came to Nellie's room and talked on various topics for some little time, watching narrowly her sister's face. The young girl hardly spoke at all. It was evident to the elder what her thoughts must be.

"I suppose you think I should explain Mrs. Clancy's agitation and mysterious conduct, Nellie," she finally and suddenly said.

"I do not want you to tell me anything, Kate, that you yourself do not wish to tell me. You understand, of course, how I happened to be there?"

"Oh, certainly. I was thinking of that. You couldn't help hearing; but you must have thought it queer—her being so agitated, I mean."

No answer.

"Didn't you?"

"I wasn't thinking of her at all."

"What did you think then?" half defiantly, yet trembling and growing white.

"I thought it strange that you should be talking with her in such a way."

"She was worried about her husband—his drinking so much—and came to consult me."

"Why, should she—and you—show such consternation at his connection with the name of Mr. Hayne?"

"Nellie, that matter is one you know I cannot bear to talk of." ("Very recently only," thought the younger.) "You once asked me to tell you what Mr. Hayne's crime had been, and I answered that until you could hear the whole story you could not understand the matter at all. We are both worried about Clancy. He is not himself; he is wild and imaginative when he's drinking. He has some strange fancies since the fire, and he thinks he ought to do something to help the officer because he helped him, and his head is full of Police Gazette stories, utterly without foundation, and he thinks he can tell who the real culprits were, or something of that kind. It is utter nonsense. I have investigated the whole thing—heard the whole story. It is the trashiest, most impossible thing you ever dreamed of, and would only make fearful trouble if Mr. Hayne got hold of it."

"Why?"

"Why? Because he is naturally vengeful and embittered, and he would seize on any pretext to make it unpleasant for the officers who brought about his trial."

"Do you mean that what Clancy says in any way affects them?" asked Nell, with quickening pulse and color.

"It might, if there was a word of truth in it; but it is the maudlin dream of a liquor maddened brain. Mrs. Clancy and I both know that what he says is utterly impossible. Indeed, he tells no two stories alike."

"Has he told you anything?"

"No; but she tells me everything."

"How do you know she tells the truth?"

"Nellie! Why should she deceive me? I have done everything for them."

"I distrust her all the same; and you had better be warned in time. If he has any theory, no matter how crack brained, or if he knows anything about the case and wants to tell it to Mr. Hayne, you are the last woman on earth who should stand in the way."

"Upon my word, Nellie Travers, this is going too far! One would think you believed I wished to stand in the way of that young man's restoration."

"Kate, if you lift a hand or speak one word to prevent Clancy's seeing Mr. Hayne and telling him everything he knows, you will make me believe—precisely that."

Capt. Rayner heard sobbing and lamentation on the bedroom floor when he came in a few minutes after. Going aloft he found Miss Travers' door closed as usual, and his wife in voluble distress of mind. He could only learn that she and Nellie had had a falling out, and that Nell had behaved in a most unjust, disrespectful and outrageous way. She declined to give further particulars.

(To be continued.)

A Warning.

MR. EDITOR,—It is a well-known fact that the majority of people are inclined to look upon a cold in the head as a matter of little importance—involving at the most only a temporary inconvenience. No more disastrous mistake was ever made. The neglected cold in the head is the source of the catarrhal affections with which about seven-tenths of the people of this country are afflicted, and catarrh itself is too often the preliminary stages to consumption and death. The symptoms of catarrh are manifold, but among them may be mentioned, offensive breath; dull, oppressive headache; offensive droppings from the nostrils into the throat and bronchial tubes; deafness or partial deafness; constant hawking and spitting; weak and watery eyes; a hacking cough and feeling of general debility; ringing in the ears and frequent dizziness. These are but a few of the more general symptoms, and those who experience them should lose no time in applying a remedy. Delays are proverbially dangerous, and in the case of this too prevalent disease may lead to death. We offer Nasal Balm to the public as a positive cure for cold in the head and for catarrh in all its forms and stages. Nasal Balm has been tested in thousands of cases, and the testimonials in our possession prove that it is all we claim for it. It has cured other sufferers, it will cure you. It is easy to use, pleasant and agreeable and does not require a douche, or any torturing instrument to apply it. Give it a trial and be convinced of its great efficacy. Sold by all dealers or sent post free on receipt of price 50c. for small or $1 for large size bottles by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont. daw.

Do Not Be Deceived.

"In Darkest Africa" is the title of Mr. Stanley's book. All others are bogus.

Always Clear. Never Musty

"Montserrat"

(Trade Mark.)

Pure Lime Fruit Juice.

What is lime juice? This question is rendered necessary by the prominent attention Lime Juice is attracting as the **best temperance beverage**. The answer is that it should be the juice of the lime fruit without admixture. By the "MONTSERRAT" Company alone is the lime fruit cultivated for this purpose, and great care should be taken to obtain this brand (as supplied to the British Government), in lieu of the numerous concoctions sold under the name of Lime Juice Cordials, Prepared Lime Juice, etc.

Sold by all druggists, grocers and at the leading hotels.

Sole consignees of the Montserrat Company (Limited.)

Evans and Sons, Ltd.

Montreal and Toronto. Je20 eod-3m.

GERVAS F. WAKE & CO

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

52 LANGLEY STREET.

A first class boarding house.

11 roomed house suitable for a boarding house.

Esquimalt Road property.

27 acres on Gordon Head Road,

14 acres on Gordon Head Road.

Farm of 178 acres on Somenos Lake.

290 acres on Pender Island.

100 acres on Saanich Road.

Lots in James Bay, Fernwood, Alfred, Henry and Collinson streets.

G. A. McTAVISH

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A CONSIGNMENT OF

EASTER LILY

AND

Roman Hyacinth

BULBS

These should be planted now for winter blooming,

Store and Nursery, Park Road

aug20

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Store street, Victoria, B. C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice

RICE MEAL,

Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

jan2-1y

Just Received: NEW **BROOCHES,** RINGS, Street Car Whistles,

Hand-painted FANS, Etc. AT **DAVIDSON BROS.,** 55 Yates Street

CHEAP AND FIRST-CLASS.

We are determined to sell the whole of our stock out at cost price in order to make room for Fall Goods.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR CHEAP SUITS.

A	Fine Black Worsted	$48	Suit for		$38.
	Best Scotch Tweed	40	"	"	30.
	Good Business	38	"	"	28.
	Fine	25	"	"	20.
	Strong	22	"	"	17.

$8 Pants for $5 and other Pants in Proportion.

Perfect fit guaranteed or no sale. Remember 30 days only. Note the address. au19-1m

H. A. Potts & Co., Opposite Commercial Hotel, Douglas St.

RIBBON VELVETS!

Velvet Ribbons.

A splendid assortment in all the new shades just received and on view to-day.

THE WHITE HOUSE.

HENRY YOUNG & CO.

NELSON ISLAND GRANITE CO.

(LIMITED.)

The company is now prepared to fill all orders promptly, of the best Granite, and at the lowest possible prices.

This Granite is perfectly free from all iron rust, black knots, and other imperfections. Samples furnished on application and prices quoted. For further particulars apply to

R. L. FOX, OR TO EDWD. J. THAIN, Secretary,

P. O. Box 1,311x, Seattle. no29-6m P. O. Box 654, Victoria, B.C

LIST OF PROPERTY

On which taxes have been due and unpaid for two years and upwards and which will be sold on the first day of September, 1890, at the City Hall, Victoria, at 12 o'clock noon in pursuance of the Victoria Real Estate Tax Sale By-law, 1890, unless in the meantime the arrears of taxes and costs due in respect of each lot in the schedule hereunder written be paid.

LOT.	BLOCK.	AMOUNT OF TAXES.	COSTS.	TOTAL.
19	19	$576 80	$63 44	$640 24
E. two thirds 24	3	67 20	7 40	74 60
One-half 25	3	89 10	9 80	98 90
W. one-half 26	3	122 80	13 50	136 30
33	3	51 00	5 61	56 61
Part 87	26	70 38	7 73	78 11
145	V	124 08	13 64	137 72
377	4	117 20	12 89	130 09
Part sub. 4 of 618, 619	M	31 00	3 41	34 41
Part sub 8 of 602, 603	M	33 44	3 68	37 12
East part 876	J	27 56	3 03	30 59
East one-half 878	J	37 30	4 10	41 40
940	42	48 60	5 34	53 94
991	9	75 00	8 25	83 25
992	9	36 60	4 03	40 63
993	9	22 20	2 44	24 64
997	17	35 50	3 90	39 40
1007	17	23 40	2 57	25 97
Sub. 13 of 1257	T	46 80	5 15	51 95
Sub. 8 of 1694	56	7 60	84	8 44
Sub 34 of 1694	56	10 50	1 15	11 65
Sub. 4 of 1772	61	27 50	3 03	30 53
WORK ESTATE.				
4	D	21 90	2 41	$24 31
10	W	77 60	8 54	86 14
SPRING RIDGE.				
A	64	6 00	66	6 66
B	64	6 00	66	6 66
7	69 to 72	3 90	43	4 33
8	"	3 90	43	4 33
9	"	3 90	43	4 33
10	"	4 80	53	5 33
11	"	4 80	53	5 33
12	"	6 90	76	7 66
17	"	3 90	43	4 33
18	"	3 90	43	4 33
19	"	3 90	43	4 33
20	"	42 60	4 68	47 28
43	"	34 80	3 83	38 63
48	73	3 60	40	4 00
51	"	44 90	4 94	49 84
FINLAYSON ESTATE.				
1	B	48 00	5 28	53 28
2	B	25 20	2 77	27 97
5 ACRE LOTS.				
One-half of Sub 23	II	18 98	2 08	21 06
Part Sub. E	V	17 00	1 87	18 87
Sub. 1	E ½ VI	11 20	1 23	12 43
" 2	"	10 30	1 13	11 43
" 3	"	10 30	1 13	11 43
" 11	"	10 60	1 16	11 76
" 12	"	10 00	1 10	11 10
" 13	"	10 00	1 10	11 10
" 6	XIII	7 60	83	8 43
" 45	"	40 80	4 49	45 29
" 46	"	40 80	4 49	45 29
" 51	"	62 10	6 83	68 93

City Hall, Victoria, June 2, 1890. CHARLES KENT, Collector.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY

(Limited.)

THOMAS ALLSOP, HENRY S. MASON, CUYLER A. HOLLAND. } DIRECTORS.

HEAD OFFICE:

15 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street, London, Eng.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company and is carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage

AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS

For Sale on Easy Terms.

je11d&w

MISCELLANEOUS.

H. G. WATERSON,

JOB PRINTER

Office over R. Jamieson's Book Store,

GOVERNMENT STREET. m17-6m

--: PRINTING :--

By Electric Motor Power.

JAS. A. COHEN,

38 FORT STREET,

Having made extensive additions to his printing office, is now prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Job, News and Poster Printing, inferior to none produced in Victoria, at low prices.

Come and See the Electric Motor.

ap17-1y

SELLING OFF CHEAP.

On account of ill health I am selling a lot of new and second hand articles comprising

Wagons,	Wheelbarrows,
Buggies,	Barrow Wheels,
Ploughs,	Drills,
Harrows,	Crow Bars,
Cultivators,	Stone Cutters' Tools,
Field Rollers,	Jack Screws,
Lawn Rollers,	Track Iron,
Miners' Picks.	

And a large assortment of other Iron; a fine lot of Steel, Hardwood Lumber and numerous other articles.

9 Months Credit on Agricultural Implements.

WM. POWELL,

ONTARIO WAGON SHOP.

KELLER & BURRIS,

Manufacturers of

SEWER PIPES, TERRA COTTA,

Drain Tile, Flower Pots, Vases, and other Earthenware.

Corner Yates and Quadra Streets, Victoria, B. C. del

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

For a Good Cheap and Reliable Watch go to

G. B. PARRY.

Opposition Watchmaker against high charges.

62 FORT STREET. Je16-3m

Re Friedrich Steitz Deceased

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ALL creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Friedrich Steitz, late of the City of Victoria, deceased, (who died on the 4th day of August, 1890, and whose will, one codicil thereto, was proved in the Supreme Court of British Columbia, on the 14th day of August, 1890, by George Steitz and Jean Pierre Pelletier, both of the City of Victoria, the executors therein named) are hereby required to send particulars in writing, of their claims or demands to the said executors, addressed, "114 Fisguard street, Victoria," on or before the 10th day of September, 1890.

CHARLES E. POOLEY, Solicitor for the Executors.

Dated Aug. 15, 1890. aug15-1m

SEED OATS.

A LIMITED QUANTITY

For Sale by

BRACKMAN & KER,

125 Gov't Street.

MEDICAL.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH

For sale by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria. nov18

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B.C. nov8-ly

Before. After.

ERRORS OF YOUNG AND OLD

Organic Weakness, Failing Memory, Lack of Energy, Physical Decay, positively cured by Hazelton's Vitalizer. Also Nervous Debility, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Ambition, Stunted Development, Loss of power, Pains in the Back, Sleeplessness, Aversion to Society, Unfit for Study, Excessive Indulgence, etc., etc. Every bottle guaranteed. 20,000 sold yearly. Address, enclosing stamp for treatise, J. E. HAZELTON, Druggist, 308 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont. Mention TIMES.

GENERAL MIDDLETON

HIS PARTING ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE OF CANADA.

The Fur and Billiard-Table Cases Fully Explained—Bremner Supposed to be a Rebel—Ministers Wanted Souvenirs—Recommendations for Honors.

The following is the text in full of the address lately issued by General Middleton :—

To the People of Canada :

To be silent under unmerited censure is often the part of a soldier, and had I merely been charged with indiscretion, or with having overstepped my powers as a commander in the field, I might have chosen to retire without saying anything in my defence, and to leave it to the justice and generosity of the Canadian people to balance my general services against a single error of judgment. But the bitterest of my assailants, and the organs of their party in the press, have not stopped here. I owe it to my companion-in-arms, and to all Canadians, at parting, to show that the Canadian militia has not been commanded by dishonor.

An indictment comprising four charges (*vide* page 1, report of the Select Committee) was brought against me by Mr. G. W. Lister, M.P., before a committee of the House of Commons. Besides the instructions to Mr. Hayter Reed to confiscate Bremner's furs and to appropriate a few of them at Battleford, I was charged (*a*) with the appropriation of furs at Batoche, (*b*) with the appropriation of horses, (*c*) with having licensed the appropriation by Lieut.-Colonel Bedson of a pool table and horses taken from the settlers at Batoche.

BREMNER'S FURS.

The case of Bremner's furs, Mr. Lister said, "was not an isolated transaction, but one of a series." The inference to be drawn from the series, taken collectively, plainly was, that I had been guilty of systematic plundering or licensing plunder. Not a particle of evidence has been given in support of any of the three last counts, which are absolutely false. I never touched or saw any furs at Batoche, and the only horse I took was one to carry me during the campaign, and which was afterwards handed over to the Government auctioneer at Winnipeg. As regards the billiard-table, from copies of telegrams which I have lately come across I am enabled to state that the Minister of Militia had sent a telegram to me (which I have not kept) about the troops looting, and in answer thereto I telegraphed as follows :—

CAMP FORT PITT, June 24, 1885.

"The troops were not at Saint Laurent or Duck Lake. I find that a billiard table was taken out of Gabriel Dumont's house before it was burned, and one was taken at Batoche. They are both at Prince Albert, and certainly no woman's clothes were taken. The little property at Batoche was the property of undeniable rebels, who had just been shooting down our men, and, according to the usage of war, might fairly be taken by the soldiers. The half-breed women and Indian women with their children were admirably treated—not a thing was taken from them, and when they moved up on the plain, the soldiers helped them to pack their goods and tents and to bring them up. I issued an order forbidding plundering on the march, and have every reason to believe it was obeyed. My experience of the conduct of troops in the field permits me to say that, on this matter, my troops have behaved exceptionally well, as might be expected from their superior class and education as compared with other armies."

I must then have received another telegram from the Minister relative to the disposition of these tables, as I find that on June 29th, 1885, I sent him the following telegram from Fort Pitt :—

"As regards the tables, considering the way the white settlers and friendly breeds' houses and property have been treated by the rebels, I do not think it would be judicious, but I will carry out your wishes if you still desire it."

THE MINISTER'S TELEGRAM.

Subsequently I received a telegram from the Minister, dated Ottawa, 30th June, in which the following occurred: "About the tables, do as you think best."

I found on enquiry, that one of these tables had been used to assist in rendering bullet-proof the bulwarks of the steamer Northcote, which took part in the advance on Batoche, and, as far as I can remember, I took no further steps in the matter, which passed out of my mind.

Mr. Lister's last three charges were struck out by the committee on the ground that there had been no authority given to investigate them, but, as they had been formally preferred, received, and printed by the committee, I was surely entitled to a verdict on them, and on the general charge of plundering and licensing plundering, which they were brought forward to support.

BISHOP GRANDIN'S TESTIMONY.

As to the charge of licensing plundering, I have already stated that I issued strict orders against plundering on the march, and I may be permitted to cite the following extract from a letter from Monseigneur Grandin, Bishop of St. Albert, to me, dated July 30th, 1885:—

"I was heart-broken at the sight of so much misery, but I ought to say that, if on the one hand I saw that which always shows itself after war, I was rejoiced in hearing what one rarely hears under such circumstances. I have heard, and frequently, the conquered praise the generosity of their conqueror. To hear the priest praise your moderation in victory, praise the officers in general, speak of your kindness in relieving the starving conquered, did not surprise, but I have heard the people in general.

"I tender you special thanks, General, because, at the entreaty of good Father Moulin, you spared the church of St. Antoine and the Missionaries' house, although these buildings were an obstacle to you in battle. You have, General, by yielding to the entreaty of that good little missionary, rendered a true service to the colony, etc."

This will show the general spirit in which I acted, and how far I was from any disposition to license plunder.

WAS BREMNER A REBEL?

I did not know what amount of furs Bremner had, nor did I ever see them. I fully believed then that Bremner was a rebel. He had been in the camp of Poundmaker, who was in arms against us, and he only came in after I had made Poundmaker a prisoner. He was recognized as having been present at Cut Knife, and he was also found in possession of the rifle of a slain mounted policeman. I fully believed then that his property, as that of a rebel in arms, was forfeit, and that I was warranted in afterwards giving effect to the forfeiture. That the property of rebels was forfeit was certainly the rule which practically prevailed in India in 1857, when I served against the mutineers and rebels. Subsequently, as stated officially by Captain G. H. Young, Secretary to the Commissioners, Bremner's claim for compensation for the loss of his furs was rejected by the Commission of Rebellion Losses, who held that he (Bremner) "was a party to, and responsible for, his own losses, or in other words, that he was a rebel," and this decision was arrived at by a Royal Commission, which took evidence at the time and on the spot.

MINISTERS WANT SOUNENIRS.

It seems that my impression as to the extent of my powers was wrong, and of course I regret now that I exercised it as I did, but the impression must have been strengthened, not only by the telegram already referred to, authorizing me to do as I liked about the captured billiard-tables, and by the fact that my idea, given in the other telegram, as to the rights of the soldiers to any property found in Batoche was not controverted from Ottawa, but also by a telegram from the Minister of Militia, dated June 12th, 1885, in which he says:

"I should like you to bring back some souvenirs of the campaign for Sir John, Sir Hector and myself—leave to you to select whatever you consider of interest."

This request may have meant to refer, and, from what the Minister of Militia told me the other day, probably did refer, to souvenirs to be purchased, or received as gifts by me, but I certainly took it at the time to relate to anything captured from the rebels. In my answer I stated that I would do my best, but, as a matter of fact, I forgot it, and did not comply with the request. The confiscation of Bremner's furs was made with the concurrence, if not by the advice of Mr. Hayter Reed, who was lent to me by Lieutenant-Governor Dewdney, as a Government official, to assist me in my dealings with the Indians and half-breeds, and who carried out the arrangements for the distribution of some few of the furs to himself and other officers.

It was under these circumstances that I sanctioned the disposal of a few furs as mementoes for myself and for the officers of my staff. As to my own share, I never received it, asked for it, or thought about it afterwards.

THE ORDER FOR CONFISCATION.

The order for the confiscation of the furs had been lost, and its contents had to be supplied from memory. I did not see it at all, and I positively deny that any injunction of secrecy was inserted by my directions. Neither did I know to whom the order was addressed, but I naturally must have thought it was addressed to the officer of the Mounted Police at Battleford who had been ordered by me to take charge of the furs, and who was really the person answerable for their safe custody, and not the Quartermaster Sergeant, who was only a subordinate. As I have already said, I never had the furs, I never saw them, and I never enquired after or thought of them after leaving Fort Pitt. I dismissed the whole matter from my mind, and have since had great difficulty in recalling it. How could a man, occupied as I was then, amidst the confusion and excitement of war, recollect accurately every small matter that was brought before his notice?

A WICKED INSINUATION.

Furthermore, it has been asserted that I have employed agents to destroy the evidence against me. This is a wicked invention. I have no agents, and there is no evidence to destroy. I have already protested against the report of the Parliamentary Committee when tendering my resignation. The House of Commons is not a court of justice, but a political assembly in which party necessarily prevails, and if my character was at stake I should prefer a different tribunal. It is a patent fact that the bitterest attacks on me have proceeded from that party, and from most of the organs of that party, which protested against Riel's execution and courted the Rielite vote.

IMPERIAL OR COLONIAL?

By those who demanded my dismissal it has been urged that the appointment ought not to be held by an Imperial officer, and there are Canadians ready to fill my place. I hope there are, but surely this change might be effected without a political attempt being made to injure me, an attempt which I am sure no true Canadian would sanction or encourage, even to gain the appointment himself. A false impression appears to have been created in some minds by my retention of office for two months after the report of the committee, as though I had clung to the position until forced to retire. I felt that an immediate resignation would look like a consciousness of wrong-doing on my part, and that I had better, as it were, challenge the opinion of the Government on my conduct by continuing to do my duty. My position was a difficult one, but certainly, after what had happened, retention of office had no place in my mind.

JUSTICE TO COMPANIONS-IN-ARMS.

There is another point on which I wish to right myself before leaving the country. It is with pain I have lately learned that I have lain under the imputation of having failed to do justice to my companions-in-arms in not having recommended any of them for promotion and honors, such as I myself received. Now this is very far from being the case, and I am sure that the Minister of Militia will himself help to clear me from such an unmerited charge. In reality I almost exceeded military official etiquette in my anxiety to obtain rewards for those who had so ably and gallantly helped me to obtain my own, as I shall proceed to show. In my dispatches concerning the action at Fish Creek and the taking of Batoche, I brought to the notice of the Government the names of those officers who, by their rank, appointment, command, and conduct in my opinion best deserved it.

In my final report of the whole campaign I again brought these officers to notice in the following terms:—

"Nothing could have been better than the conduct of all the troops, both officers and men, engaged in this short campaign, but as it is impossible to name everyone in a dispatch, I must, in accordance with military usage, confine myself to bringing to your notice the names of those who from their rank, appointment, or special service, are in my opinion deserving of such mention, and it will not be out of place if, in this dispatch, I again record those already brought to your notice, and to whom my thanks are due for the zeal they displayed and for the services they so cheerfully rendered, together with others not before mentioned."

The General goes on to show, however, that Sir John and Sir Adolphe did not act upon these suggestions. A list of names offered for promotion was also ignored by the authorities. He says:—

At the request of the Minister, and to my great regret, the recommendation for the decorations was struck out, but I understood that the recommendations for promotions would be favorably considered.

I also, on the 18th of June, 1886, wrote a letter to the Comptroller of the N. W. Mounted Police, bringing before him the names of those officers of that force who had come under my personal observation, and whom I considered deserving of special notice, or as having done good service. Their names are as follows :—

Lieut.-Col. W. Herchmer and Major Steel, deserving of special notice; Inspector A. B. Perry and Inspector Whyte Fraser did very good service and showed great zeal.

From the foregoing, I do not think I can be justly accused of having forgotten or neglected the interests of my old comrades.

FRED MIDDLETON,
Lieut.-General.

Ottawa, August 12, 1890.

Ice Cream made to order and delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161. New England Bakery Young Bros., No. 116 and 118 Government street.

Brushware, combs, and artists' colors, at Daley's.

EDUCATIONAL.

PAINTING.

MRS. GEO. WISE'S CLASS WILL COMmence next Monday. Hours from 1 to 4 p.m., on Mondays and Thursdays.

ROOMS 260 JOHNSON STREET
au27-2w

VICTORIA VIOLIN SCHOOL.

Female Pupils Mondays and Thursdays.
Male Pupils Tuesdays and Fridays.
From 4 to 5:30 p. m.

PROF. CRANAT, 52 QUADRA ST.
P. O. Box 353.

Private instruction at Pupils residence. a27

ST. LOUIS COLLEGE,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
CONDUCTED BY THE OBLATE FATHERS.
Commercial and Classical.
RE-OPENS ON SEPT. 1st.

TERMS:
Board and Tuition for Season of Five Months, $75.00; Washing and Mending, $10.00; Bed and Bedding, $5.00. au31-2w

ANNIE WRIGHT SEMINARY,
TACOMA, WASHINGTON.
A Boarding & Day School for Girls

The seventh year opens on the second Thursday in September.
For catalogue and particulars address
MRS. SARAH K. WHITE,
Principal.
jly2-2m

Microbe Killer.

A SIMPLE EFFECTIVE REMEDY FOR all cases of sickness. Quoting the words of a restored consumptive, "the only sure cure medicine in the world." Attacks the cause, not the effect of disease. AT DALEY'S, 91 Douglas street, Victoria, B. C. au7

Bank Exchange.

HAVING TAKEN OVER THE BUSIness of the "Bank Exchange" Saloon, we solicit a continuance of the patronage it has so long enjoyed.
JOSEPH SAUER,
J. B. WOOD.
au12 tf

COR. FORT & BROAD STS.
GOODWIN & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
HIGH CLASS
GRAND AND UPRIGHT PIANOFORTES
Tuning and Repairing.
au25-1m

A. W. JONES, Notary Public. A. J. BRIDGMAN, Solicitor Supreme Court, England.
A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN,
Real Estate, Financial & Insurance Agents
AND CONVEYANCERS.
Have removed their office to cor. of Bastion and Langley Sts.,
OVER DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN'S.
July19-tf

SMOKE
KURTZ & CO.'S
CELEBRATED BRANDS OF
HAVANA CIGARS.
July18-tf

DELMONICO
RESTAURANT AND OYSTER PARLOR
109 Government St., Victoria, B.C.
E. ESCALET, Proprietor.

This establishment is first class in every respect. Every delicacy of the season served in the best style. The finest imported wines and liquors are kept at the Delmonico.
Private dining rooms for ladies. Open day and night. Polite and attentive waiters.
Private parties catered for in any part of the city on the shortest notice.
N. B.—Having engaged a celebrated eastern cook for the season, patrons of the Delmonico can feel assured that all orders placed in his charge will receive the greatest care and attention
ap8tf

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
FOR FAMILY USE,
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.
Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO.,
ALBANY, OREGON.

TWO CARS
OF
Jubilee Ranges,
Cook Stoves,
Wringers,
Mangles.
Family Scales,
Grates,
Mantles,
Tiles,
AND
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS
AT
McLennan & McFeeley's,
70 YATES STREET.

BUTTER!
Receiving weekly by refrigerator car consignments
CHOICE NEW GRASS TUB BUTTER.
J. & A. CLEARIHUE.
jly15-tf

UNDERTAKERS.
CHAS. HAYWARD,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,
Broughton St., Victoria.

C. B. LOCKHART & CO.,
FUNERAL DIRECTORS,
Graduates of the United States College of Embalming.
PARLORS { Corner Broad Street and Trounce Ave.
TELEPHONE 408.
NIGHT CALLS, 167 Johnson Street.
au15

MUNICIPAL.

A BY-LAW

Respecting the Municipal Assessment Roll for the year 1890.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL OF the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

1. The assessment roll of the said City for the year 1890 shall be returned by the assessor to the clerk of the Municipal Council on the 20th day of August, 1890.

2. Any and all persons complaining of his, her or their respective assessments on the said roll shall within one month after the time hereinbefore fixed for returning said roll notify in writing the clerk of the Municipal Council of his, her or their grounds of complaint.

3. All complaints of which due notice shall have been given shall be heard at the City Hall, Victoria, on the 22nd day of September, 1890, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, or so soon after as they can be heard.

This By-Law may be cited as the By-Law respecting the Municipal Assessment Roll for the year 1890.

Passed the Municipal Council the 25th day of June, 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 30th day of July, 1890.

(L.S.) JOHN GRANT, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
jy31

A BY-LAW

Prohibiting the Sale or Intoxicating Liquors to Minors Under the Age of 20 Years.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE MAYOR AND Aldermen of the City of Victoria as follows:—

From and after the final passage of this By-Law no person or persons holding a license or licenses from the Corporation of the City of Victoria to sell liquors within the Corporate Limits of the said City of Victoria shall sell or cause to sell or otherwise dispose of or allow to be given or sold upon the premises in respect of which he is licensed any wine, spirits, ale, beer or other intoxicating liquor within the Corporate limits of the said City of Victoria to any person or persons under the age of twenty years, nor shall said person or persons so holding such license or licenses as aforesaid permit any person of persons under the age of twenty years to remain upon his premises so licensed, and shall eject any such person or persons under said age from said premises.

No person or persons so licensed as aforesaid shall permit any gambling, card playing or dice throwing by any person or persons under said age upon any premises in respect of which he holds a license as aforesaid.

Any person violating any of the provisions of this By-Law shall upon conviction be punished by imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month or by paying a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100.00).

This By-Law may be cited as "The By-Law Regulating the Sale of Liquor to Minors and for Other Purposes."

Passed the Municipal Council the 16th day of July, A. D. 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 30th day of July, A. D. 1890.

(L.S.) JOHN GRANT, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
jy31

A BY-LAW

Reducing Special Rate Imposed by the City Hall Addition By-Law, 1890.

WHEREAS on account of the increased value of property liable to assessment within the City of Victoria it is found unnecessary to levy the full rate imposed by the City Hall Addition By-Law 1890.

Therefore be it enacted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

From and after the final passage of this By-Law the rate imposed by said By-Law shall be 29-1000ths of one per cent and there shall be levied and collected in respect of the said By-Law the said rate of 29-1000ths of one per cent in lieu of the rate imposed by said By-Law.

This By-Law may be cited as "The Reduction of the Special Rate Imposed by the City Hall Addition By-Law 1890, By-Law."

Passed the Municipal Council the 9th day of July, A. D. 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 30th day of July, A. D. 1890.

(L.S.) JOHN GRANT,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, Mayor.
C. M. C. jy31

A BY-LAW.

Reducing Special Rate Imposed by the Street Railway Guarantee By-Law, 1889.

WHEREAS ON ACCOUNT OF THE INcreased value of property liable to assessment within the City of Victoria, it is found unnecessary to levy the full rate imposed by the Street Railway Guarantee By-Law, 1889.

Therefore be it enacted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

From and after the final passage of this By-Law the rate imposed by said By-Law shall be 21-1000ths of one per cent, and there shall be levied and collected in respect of the said By-Law the said rate of 21-1000ths of one per cent, in lieu of the rate imposed by said By-Law.

This By-Law may be cited as the Reduction of the Special rate imposed by the Street Railway Guarantee By-Law, 1889, By-Law.

Passed the Municipal Council the 9th day of July, A. D., 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 30th day of July, A. D. 1890.

(L.S.) JOHN GRANT,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, Mayor.
C. M. C. jy31

A BY-LAW

Reducing Special Rate Imposed by the Cemetery Loan By-Law, 1890.

WHEREAS on account of the increased value of property liable to assessment within the City of Victoria it is found unnecessary to levy the full rate imposed by the Cemetery Loan By-Law 1890.

Therefore be it enacted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

From and after the final passage of this By-Law the rate imposed by said By-Law shall be 9-1000ths of one per cent and there shall be levied and collected in respect of the said By-Law the said rate of 9-1000ths of one per cent in lieu of the rate imposed by said By-Law.

This By-Law may be cited as the "Reduction of the Special Rate Imposed by the Cemetery Loan By-Law 1890 By-Law."

Passed the Municipal Council the 9th day of July, A. D. 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 30th day of July, A. D. 1890.

(L.S.) JOHN GRANT,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, Mayor.
C. M. C. jy31

A BY-LAW

Reducing Special Rate Imposed by the Paper Mill Bonus By-Law, 1889.

WHEREAS ON ACCOUNT OF THE INcreased value of property liable to assessment within the City of Victoria it is found unnecessary to levy the full rate imposed by the Paper Mill Bonus By-Law, 1889.

Therefore be it enacted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

From and after the final passage of this By-Law the rate imposed by the said By-Law shall be 13-1000ths of one per cent, and there shall be levied and collected in respect of the said By-Law the said rate of 13-1000ths of one per cent. in lieu of the rate imposed by said By-Law.

This By-Law may be cited as the "Reduction of the Special rate imposed by the Paper Mill Bonus By-Law, 1889, By-Law.

Passed the Municipal Council the 9th day of July, A. D. 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 30th day of July, A. D. 1890.

(L.S.) JOHN GRANT,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, Mayor.
C. M. C. jy30

A BY-LAW

Reducing Special Rate Imposed by the Sugar Refinery Bonus By-Law, 1889.

WHEREAS ON ACCOUNT OF THE INcreased value of property liable to assessment within the City of Victoria it is found unnecessary to levy the full rate imposed by the Sugar Refinery Bonus By-Law, 1889.

Therefore be it enacted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

From and after the final passage of this By-Law the rate imposed by the said By-Law shall be 37-1000ths of one per cent. and there shall be levied and collected in respect of the said By-Law the said rate of 37-1000ths of one per cent. in lieu of the rate imposed by said By-Law.

This By-Law may be cited as the Reduction of the Special rate imposed by the Sugar Refinery Bonus By-Law, 1889, By-Law.

Passed the Municipal Council the 9th day of July, A. D. 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 30th day of July, A. D. 1890.

(L.S.) JOHN GRANT,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, Mayor.
C. M. C. jy31

A BY-LAW

Reducing Special Rate Imposed by the Flour Mill Bonus By-Law, 1889.

WHEREAS ON ACCOUNT OF THE INcreased value of property liable to assessment within the City of Victoria it is found unnecessary to levy the full rate imposed by the Flour Mill Bonus By-Law, 1889.

Therefore be it enacted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

From and after the final passage of this By-Law the rate imposed by the said By-Law shall be 9-1000ths of one per cent, and there shall be levied and collected in respect of the said By-Law the said rate of 9-1000ths of one per cent, in lieu of the rate imposed by said By-Law.

This By-Law may be cited as the Reduction of the Special rate imposed by the Flour Mill Bonus By-Law, 1889, By-Law.

Passed the Municipal Council the 9th day of July, A. D. 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 30th day of July, A. D. 1890.

(L.S.) JOHN GRANT,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, Mayor.
C. M. C. jy31

A BY-LAW

Reducing Special Rate Imposed by the Victoria-Saanich and New Westminster Bonus By-Law, 1889.

WHEREAS on account of the increased value of property liable to assessment within the City of Victoria it is found unnecessary to levy the full rate imposed by the Victoria-Saanich and New Westminster Bonus By-Law 1889.

Therefore be it enacted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

From and after the final passage of this By-Law the rate imposed by said By-Law shall be 21-1000ths of one per cent and there shall be levied and collected in respect of the said By-Law the said rate of 21-1000ths of one per cent in lieu of the rate imposed by said By-Law.

This By-Law may be cited as the "Reduction of the Special Rate Imposed by the Victoria-Saanich and New Westminster Railway Bonus By-Law 1889 By-Law."

Passed the Municipal Council the 9th day of July, A. D. 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 30th day of July, A. D. 1890.

(L.S.) JOHN GRANT,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, Mayor.
C. M. C. jy31

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week ..... 25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

MERCANTILE AND GENERAL BUSINESS ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted for a definite period of time will be charged for at the following rates:

One week	15 cts	per line
Two weeks	25	" "
One month	30	" "
Three months	85	" "
Six months	$1 50	" "
One year	2 75	" "

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion, and pro rata for more space or longer time.

A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.

NOTICES of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50; Deaths, $1.50; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

The above rates refer to any page except the first, which is reserved for reading matter and undisplayed advertisements.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager.

MIDDLETON'S VALEDICTORY.

Gen. MIDDLETON'S parting address to the people of Canada conclusively shows that during his arduous campaign in the Northwest, besides playing at the general he undertook quite as successfully the role of a fool. A victim of the "souvenir" racket was the General, which we should interpret as a euphemism for loot, and while we cannot exonerate him for his participation in the little arrangement suggested by the Minister of Militia, he at least commands our profoundest sympathy. "I should like you to bring back," writes the Minister of Militia to the General, "some souvenirs of your campaign for Sir JOHN, Sir HECTOR and myself—leave you to select whatever you consider of interest." A suggestive missive this, to say the least. The Minister of Militia, Sir JOHN and Sir HECTOR, from youth familiar with Indians, half breeds and their congeners, writing for souvenirs, as if souvenirs from these sources to men of this sort, mark, we use souvenirs in the true sense of the term, would be much of a novelty. The latitude of construction which might be put on that letter is simply boundless, and yet as MIDDLETON points out, it may have had reference only to some trifling knick-knacks, either purchased by himself or captured from the enemy. If the Minister of Militia, Sir JOHN and Sir HECTOR were noted for stern Spartan virtues we should feel ourselves compelled to throw the mantle of charity over this epistolary transaction, and reply to their aspersers "evil be to him who evil thinks." But these men, these LYSANDERS in the matter of introducing lucre into Canadian politics, must be rated according to their deeds. A "totem" pole or a pair of blankets would scarcely suffice these epicureans as mementoes of Canadian prowess. We have no difficulty, therefore, in reaching the conclusion that the "cultus potlatch" they expected from MIDDLETON should have intrinsic as well as commemorative value. MIDDLETON seems to have thought so, too, and we can imagine the overpowering sense of joy he felt when BYEMNER'S furs fell in his way, and when HAYTER REED sanctioned their appropriation as legitimate loot. But what became of the furs? Nobody seems to have realized on these souvenirs. The General didn't; HAYTER REED'S conscience would not permit him to have his share of the plunder tanned that they might be made available for practical purposes, nor have we any evidence that the political triumvirate mentioned in the epistle to Sir FRED came into possession of their share of the plunder. The souvenirs have disappeared and no man knoweth of their whereabouts to this day. Will they never turn up? The Liberals should make a tremendous effort to resurrect these souvenirs. The perusal of MIDDLETON'S address forces the conclusion that he is the victim of untoward circumstances and of a conspiracy to get rid of him. The Government might have saved him. Had they been half as kind to him as they were to RYKERT he might have retained his position, or at the worst he need not have left Canada under a cloud. But the French element is all powerful at Ottawa. Somebody had to be sacrificed; MIDDLETON'S hands were soiled, and with a remorselessness and a proverbial ungratefulness which has no recent parallel he was made the victim of French vengeance, made the propitiatory offering for the French vote. It may be there is something behind all this of which we do not dream. It is just possible that the Government have evidence which not only exonerates them but brands MIDDLETON with being a looter of the superlative degree. We doubt it, though. MIDDLETON'S ingenuous address seems to clear him of the charge of wilful plundering. Scheming politicians accomplished his ruin. Such is politics. Shall we say that there will be a day of retribution?

CANADA'S CENSUS.

The next census of the Dominion will begin in April next, or in about eight months from the present time. It will, therefore, be opportune to enquire as to what is being done to increase the boundaries of the city by the addition of those suburban districts which are practically a portion of Victoria but, nevertheless, are not so according to the boundaries of the corporation. West Victoria is outside of the city limits; so is the Royal Jubilee Hospital and all the numberless residences of citizens which lie to the east of Hon. Mr. ELLIS' house. To the north there is a respectable town outside of the city limits. All these districts should be brought into the city. They enjoy many of the advantages that proximity to Victoria gives, and no doubt the people desire those conveniences, such as electric lighting, water, fire protection, etc., which they cannot at present obtain. If the census should be taken before the boundaries are extended, all this outside population would be credited to the district. There are several reasons, which will suggest themselves, why the city should be properly counted at the next enumeration, and we cannot too strongly urge upon the council the advisability of at once taking up the question.

EDITORIAL MELANGE.

It was very kind of the Government to nominally assume the paternity of the University bill that its promoters should be saved certain fees inseparable from the introduction of private bills, but whether it is kind of the Government and whether it reflects credit on their legislative acumen to disavow all responsibility for the imperfections in the bill is another question? It will strike most people that the Government are responsible for whatever imperfections the University bill may contain. Having undertaken to lighten the financial burden incident to its coming before the House, the least the Government could do, and certainly their reputations as legislators required it, was to see that the bill was as nearly perfect as possible. This, however, the Government failed to do, and why we may ask? There are two reasons. First, the constitutional inability of the Government to do anything right, and secondly, their want of moral courage in matters where their political prestige is concerned. Naturally a rivalry would spring up between the Mainland and the Island in respect to the location of the University, and this probably would affect votes. It was desirable, therefore, that the bill should be stove off as long as possible, and the best way to insure that was to benevolently make the bill nominally a Government measure. The promoters then, would be thrown off their guard, the bill would pass a mass of blunders, it would be found unworkable, and the Government would sneak out from under the responsibility of the thing, alleging as an excuse that the bill to all intents and purposes was a private one. A very pretty arrangement this as a means of staving off rivalry between the Mainland and the Island, and thus allaying political friction; but the cuteness of the method, unhappily, is more than counterbalanced by the duplicity involved On the other hand, it may have been that the Government merely blundered. Their capacity in this direction is so marked that we may easily believe that such was the case. This, however, does not relieve the Government of responsibility in the matter. Indeed it hurts their case, for instead of being able to put them down as shrewd but unscrupulous politicians, the public must class them in the category of fools. Which horn of the dilemma does the Government prefer?

The News adverting to the Government's irresponsibility in matters and things, remarks that "Mr. RONSON, we are confident, can reckon on the support of the Independents (we are not so sure of the Opposition)." A rather curious way of putting things, this. Even as a sarcasm we had rather that the writer was more perspicuous. For ourselves, we cannot imagine a contingency which should reconcile the Independents to the present administration, for apart from the platform of the Independents which makes it impossible for them to affiliate with the Government without stultifying themselves, can they as persons who have their reputations to make safely consort with men who employ grossly equivocal methods to achieve their ends? It seems to us that if the Independents place any value on their alleged common sense and their political acumen, they will make an effort to verify it by joining with the Opposition in an effort to "turn the rascals out." We have no Government, at least a responsible one, and it is apparent, that unless the House, when it next meets, rises equal to the occasion of purging James Bay, the people will revenge themselves by sweeping the whole gang out of existence, and replace them with men who have sand enough to exercise their common sense. Is it possible that the grave and reverend seignors assembled the other day to discuss the University matter can support the Government which disclaimed all responsibility for the botch work of the University measure? If they can, they can support anything! It should be plain to the Independents, that, if they value their political reputations, they cannot afford to combine with the Government for a share in the "flesh pots."

EDITORIAL NOTES.

"Mr. DEWDNEY," says the Ottawa Free Press, "has just returned from a trip to the Pacific coast, states that the artesian well at Deloraine has been bored to a depth of thirteen hundred feet. That must be the greatest bore in the Northwest with the exception of Mr. N. F. DAVIN, M.P.

Scotch members of the British House of Commons are considering the propriety of resorting to obstruction next session for the purpose of forcing parliament to deal with a number of questions relating to Scotland. During the session lately prorogued Scotch measures were almost completely ignored.

Speaking with reference to Mr. EDMUNDS' declaration in favor of reciprocity with the South American republics, Mr. BUTTERWORTH proved by unmistakable statistics that reciprocal trade relations with Canada would be of far more advantage to the United States. This leads the Boston Transcript to invite Mr. EDMUNDS to extend his vision northwards, and he may see something that would not only benefit business, but settle those international disputes which are to-day causing some slight feeling between the United States and England. While this is quite true, there appears to be a settled determination in the party to which Mr. EDMUNDS belongs to maintain an unfriendly attitude towards Canada. That attitude will continue, we cannot help believing, till the American people free their throats from the grasp of rings and combines which now misgovern, isolate and oppress them.

The centrifugal propeller is the name of a new invention designed to enable steamers to attain extraordinary speed. Strictly speaking, the appliance is not a propeller at all; it is simply a remover of resistance ahead. The stem of the steamer is cut away downward and backward from the water line, and here the rotary fan, or centrifugal machine, is placed. The pressure and resistance of the water ahead is got rid of by clearing the water away, thus virtually endowing the propulsive screw or screws in the stern with greater augmented power. In vessels moving at speeds up to seven knots, skin friction is the principal resistance in still water; in vessels moving at higher speed the resistence of the water immediately ahead increases at an enormous rate with the increase of speed. This can always be noticed by the huge white wave a swiftly moving vessel has in front of her—the "bone in her mouth," as the sailors term it. The object of the new invention is to scatter this retarding mass as it is being entered, and by this means it is claimed that the speed of steamers can be increased to the point that will admit of their crossing the ocean in four days. Vessels will be fitted with this new device for experimental purposes both in this country and in England, and it is expected that their speed will be greatly in excess of anything now afloat.

Gum chewing is decreasing in some parts of the continent, but in others the practice is extending. In St. Louis gum vendors go the rounds of the commercial and law offices and the clerks buy both for themselves and for the pretty typewriters. Stranger still, old men who would scarcely think of entering a shop to buy gum buy it freely in their own offices and chew. The practice seems an absurd one, but it has its defenders. It is said to check bleeding at the nose; it strengthens the jaws and cleans the teeth. Bad as it may be for digestion in many instances, it is claimed that it is a sovereign remedy for some kinds of dyspepsia, amongst them heartburn. Another argument used in its favor is that it is an outlet for American nervousness. Gum is rarely sold to those who drink alcoholic liquors, and most of it not sold to the women, boys and girls goes to men who neither smoke nor drink. Compared with tobacco chewing, gum chewing has some advantages, amongst them the harder exercise it gives the jaws. The practice is, however, somewhat inelegant, and if continued through many generations would no doubt develop jaws as broad as the chest, and so lower the standard of physical beauty. It would also tend to make the American race a silent one, and if accompanied by the enormous jaw development referred to would possibly interfere seriously with the demand amongst European noblemen for American wives.

A Wise Man.

An old country newspaper relates a good illustration of the fact that a serious mistake may prove a source of blessing, especially if the victim of the mistake possesses the faculty of what Dr. Dahlinger calls "concurrent adaptation." An umbrella manufacturer advertised a 12s. 6d. umbrella for which there was a considerable demand. One day he was surprised to find that the writers of a very large number of the letters which he received asked to be supplied with 2s. 6d. umbrellas. He noticed that some of the letters referred to the Methodist Recorder as the source of their information, and on turning to a copy of the current issue, he found that the printer had left out the figure 1. Some men would have sent a scolding letter to the publisher of the journal, and a circular to each of the applicants for umbrellas informing them that no such umbrella as they had asked for was obtainable. Not so this enterprising advertiser. Having accidently discovered that there was a large demand for an umbrella at half-a-crown, he proceeded to devise one which could be supplied, through the parcel post, at that price. And the consequence has been that his cheap umbrella now goes all over the world.

F. G. Richards, Jr., Real Estate & Financial Broker

CITY PROPERTY A SPECIALTY.

SOME CHOICE LOTS ON VERY EASY TERMS IN THE FOLLOWING PARTS OF THE CITY:

James Bay, Work Estate, Spring Ridge, Gorge Road, Saanich Road, Victoria East, Fernwood Estate, Regent Park

INTEREST AND RENTS COLLECTED AND RETURNS MADE PROMPTLY.

CONVEYANCING in all its branches executed expeditiously and carefully.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE AT CURRENT RATES. MONEY TO LOAN AT A LOW RATE OF INTEREST

51 YATES STREET, - VICTORIA.

ANACORTES, The Shipping Terminus of the Northern Pacific Railway.

A prosperous future and rapid growth for Anacortes are now assured facts.
Well situated Lots and Acreage for sale.
Maps of the Townsite and full information about recent developments to be obtained from

H. E. CROASDAILE, 42 FORT STREET.

T. G. RAYNER, REAL ESTATE and FINANCIAL BROKER

CITY LOTS, ACRE LOTS AND WATER FRONT LOTS

IN VICTORIA WEST, FOWL BAY AND WEST BAY,

Je 12

And a Complete List of First-Class Properties to Suit Investors.

PENDRAY'S

Customers all write for more of the

EXTRACT of SOAP

which saves so much time, labor and worry.

DO YOU USE EXTRACT of SOAP?

W. R. HIGGINS & CO.,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

OFFICES IN WHITE HOUSE BLOCK, Upstairs

Desirable residences and building blocks for sale on easy terms. Several choice lots in Port Angeles and North Victoria can be bought at most reasonable prices. Worth double the money in the fall.

OFFICE HOURS, 9 O'CLOCK A. M. TO 6 P. M.

SCOTCH HOUSE

31 Fort Street.

McLEAN & STEWART.

Our Spring Stock of Clothing is now complete.

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS IN THE LATEST STYLES.

White and Colored Cricketing Flannel Shirts.

—ALSO—

A FINE LINE OF ENGLISH GLADSTONE BAGS.

McLEAN & STEWART.

feb27

NICHOLLES & RENOUF

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

THEIR FALL SUPPLY OF

Threshers, Threshing Engines,

Sweep and Tread Powers, all sizes.

SEND FOR PRICES AND PARTICULARS.

marl9 P. O. BOX 86, - VICTORIA, B. C.

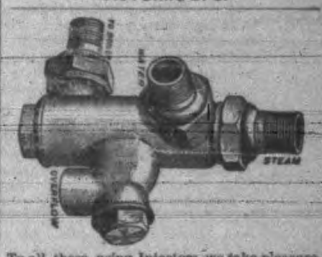
JOHN MESTON,

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Government street, between Johnson and Pandora streets,

VICTORIA, B. C.



To all those using Injectors we take pleasure in recommending the simple, cheap and reliable

"PENBERTHY."

We consider this the best Injector in the market to-day, and have therefore secured the sole agency for British Columbia.
Every machine guaranteed.

SPRATT & GRAY.

Jly23-tf

S.S. HYAMS

ONLY OPTICIAN IN TOWN.

OPTICIAN, 27 FORT STREET, ONE DOOR from Government, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight; twenty five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. OPTICAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. dec29-1y

GOLD, WHALES & HONEY.

Honey in Manitoba,
Whales in Hudson's Bay,
Gold in British Columbia,
And rich nuggets all through

THE COLONIST.

A mine of curious and interesting reading.

Have you seen it? A 32-page illustrated magazine on fine paper. A perfect guide to Western Canada from Lake Superior to the Pacific Ocean.

SEND TEN CENTS FOR SAMPLE. STAMPS TAKEN.

Address: THE COLONIST, Winnipeg, Can

FOR SALE.

WOOD FOR EVERYBODY. Now is the time to lay in your fall and winter supply. Prices moderate according to quantity. A good supply of oak wood and bark on hand. All orders promptly filled if left at Scotch bakery, Douglas St. Telephone 62.

au7-tf A. C. HOWE.

PROVINCIAL EXHIBIT

ASSOCIATION OF B. C.

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE DESIRES to remind intending exhibitors that the latest dates upon which exhibits for Toronto can be received at Vancouver are;

Non Perishable Exhibits Aug. 26th.
Perishable Exhibits September 1st.

And hope that they will recognise the necessity for forwarding their specimens in time for those dates, or earlier, if possible. au16

HAS JUSTICE HER EYES OPEN

To the Editor: There be magistrates and magistrates. In Esquimalt we have the former kind. A case of an aggravated character, in which pistols and shot guns were about being brought into use, was brought before Messrs. Fisher and Bullen for adjudication, and the justices, innocent of the law, adjourned the hearing to a date that defeated the ends of justice for the time being. This was unfortunate, for, unless the prosecutor begins *de novo* the mistake of the bench will be the direct cause of a flagrant failure to administer the law with due impartiality. Mr. Fisher's *lapsus memoriæ* is explainable, perhaps, but I cannot account for Mr. [illegible] carelessness in familiarity with the magistrate's manual, which as a presiding magistrate he ought to know, as I understand he does his prayer book, off by heart.

Summary Conviction.

AN UNRELIABLE AUTHORITY.

To the Editor: One might think that the Colonist did not know it was lying and trying to bulldoze, if he were unacquainted with its record and its unwonted amount of cheek, also from the apparently honest and bold manner in which it attacked one of our school trustees for his remarks on the peculiar style by which the Government disburses the funds for the incidental expenses of the various schools. Your readers are well aware that it fights shy of "facts," they are such stubborn things, more so than Honest John, because he has been known to yield when his supe bullied him by threatening to resign (after a year's fighting). However, on pages 31, 32 and 34 of the Public Accounts for the six months ending December 31st, 1889, the following interesting facts are gleaned: $80 paid for incidental expenses for West Victoria school, for one year, ending June, 1890; $60 paid for same for Centreville; $100 paid for same for Kamloops; but only a detailed statement of items from $2 to $24 for scrubbing, cleaning out-houses, etc., for the Wellington school.

The dear people, whom John Robson the honorable so delights to honor, would like to know why the trustees of the Wellington graded school could not be trusted with the lump sum for incidental expenses for the whole year the same as the other graded schools? It could not be because they stood up boldly for their rights in demanding and even petitioning for proper school accommodation. Why was it?

Laborer.

WHY ARE THEY ARMING.

The Portland Celestials Investing in Munitions of War.

The Oregonian says: The Chinese are apparently making ready for another shooting affair. H. T. Hudson has sold to Chinese, during the past week, twenty revolvers of 38 and 44 calibres, of the Smith & Wesson and Colt's brand, and those with long barrels are purchased almost invariably. The clerk who gave the reporter the information said: "I do not know a highbinder when I see him, but nearly every sale of revolvers last week was to parties who had no money. Two or three cheaply dressed Chinese would come in with a wealthy-looking countryman, and ask to see some revolvers. They would look at them, make a selection and the moneyed man would pay for them. They usually buy weapons which cost about $16 each."

"We sold more revolvers to Chinese last week than were bought by them during the preceding six months. They do not buy knives, but they always purchase several boxes of cartridges."

A visit was made at Beck's store and a similar report was made. The clerk said: "Last week we sold fifteen eight-inch Colt's double action 44-calibre revolvers to Chinese. They would come in companies of three or four, and usually one of the crowd would pay the entire bill. They buy only the best brands and will not even look at a cheap weapon. No, they never ask to look at knives. All they want is fire-arms. They are purchasing large supplies of cartridges too, and buy two or three boxes at a time."

Other smaller gun stores have sold from two to six each to Chinese during the past ten days, so that it is safe to assert that there are now fifty more big revolvers carried in Chinatown than there were last week.

The police claim to be watching the Chinese closely, with a view of being prepared for any outbreak.

One of the oldest uses of the Nicene Creed is that which it is applied to by the women of ancient Nicea, where the creed was in great part originally formulated. They recite it after putting eggs in a pot to boil as a measure of the time needed to cook them. It is said that they do this without any idea of irreverence.—The Churchman.

The chief religions of the world may be classified according to the number of adherents as follows: Christianity, 450,000,000; Confucianism, 300,000,000; Hindoism, 190,000,000; Mohammedanism, 18,000,000; Fetichism, 150,000,000; Buddism, 100,000,000; Spirit Worship, 50,000,000; Shintoism, 22,000,000; Jews, 8,000,000; Parsees, 1,000,000. Total, 1,449,0000,000.—Missionary Review.

Emperor William is said to have given his reasons for relieving Bismarck from the chancellorship of his empire in a letter of thirty-six pages, addressed to the Emperor of Austria. He will be more fortunate than most politicians if he can write at this length upon state matters, without saying something that he will find occasion to wish that he had left unsaid. What with the aged ex-chancellor, grown garrulous through chagrin and retirement, the smouldering wrath of the Empress Frederick, who as their custodian of important state secrets is his formidable enemy, and the disposition of the young Emperor to explain the situation through confidential letters, the true story of Bismark's dismissal is likely to be known at any time. In the meantime the empire seems to be getting on satisfactorily without him, proving again what death has often demonstrated, that no one man is so valuable but that his place in the world may be filled and the affairs of men and nations be able to jog along comfortably without him.

A beautiful line of china berry sets dessert plates and flower baskets at John Weiler's

WOMEN AS INVENTORS.

The Statement That Woman Never Invented Anything Refuted.

It was a California woman who invented a baby carriage, which netted her $50,000; while to Mrs. Catharine Greene, the wife and widow of Washington's ablest officer, is due the honor of inventing the cotton gin, which is one of those distinctly American inventions the value and importance of which have been recognized by the whole industrial world. A horseshoe machine, which turns out completed shoes, was the invention of a woman; also the reaper and mower, the idea of which came into the brain of Mrs. Ann [illegible] is also accredited a clever engineer. Mrs. Manning seem to have stimulated the inventive genius of her neighbors, for a few years after her reaper and mower was patented Mrs. Elizabeth Smith, of the same State, took out a patent for an improvement on the machine, being a device for changing the knives without stopping the wheels.

One of the most complicated machines ever made is that for the manufacture of reinforced bottom paper bags. It is so curiously ingenious that how it was contrived passes the ordinary comprehension. It was the invention of Miss Maggie Knight, who, from it and other inventions in the same line, realized a large fortune. A street-sweeper of great merit was devised and patented by a New York lady, who had a costly dress ruined by the mud splashed on it by a defective machine.

Most remarkable of all is the invention of Mrs. Mary B. Walton for deadening the sound, of car wheels. She lived near the elevated railroad in New York, and was greatly annoyed by the sound of the roaring trains passing her house. The most noted machinists and inventors of the country had given their attention to the subject without being able to furnish a solution, when lo! a woman's brain did the work, and her appliance, proving perfectly successful, was adopted by the elevated roads, and she is now reaping the rewards of a happy thought.—Home Magazine.

The Rev. John Hanaloa, a native Hawaiian Protestant pastor, has just died, after having served for twelve years a church in the leper district on the island of Molokai. He left his former pastorate in 1877 to accompany his leper wife, and has ministered to the lepers in the kindest way and without contracting the disease. He is said to have always taken all the ordinary precautions of cleanliness to avoid infection, but without neglecting at all his duties to the people.

Adroit Apache Thieves.

The Franco-Arabs of Algeria, reputed the keenest set of thieves that ever lived, could not compare in that respect with some of our North American Indians, especially in the matter of stealing horses and cattle. When Arivaca was occupied great precautions were taken to prevent the theft of stock.

The work animals were driven into a strongly made corral every evening after dark. A small adobe house, in which the vaqueros slept, stood opposite the entrance with the door fronting the gate, so that it was supposed nothing could go in or out without attracting the attention of the guard.

Watch dogs were kept, in order that the guard might be aroused in case he should happen to fall asleep during his watch, and the vaqueros were obliged to keep their doors open. The bars of the gate were fastened with a heavy chain lashed around them, so that the least movement would be likely to make a noise. Besides there were white men in several of the quarters, well armed and always on the alert.

With all these precautions a band of four or five Apaches came one night and attempted to cut through the wall by sawing a gap in it with their hair riatas; but they found the material too hard, and chose the alternative of making an attempt on the gate.

To get the bars down without making a noise, they carefully unfastened the chain, and taking it link by link in their serapes as they moved it, actually succeeded in effecting an opening without even arousing the dogs.—Youth's Companion.

Misplaced Confidence.

An agent of the Grand Trunk railway who was in Rockland, Me., recently, told The Free Press of a boyish prank of his when he was in the employ of the railroad years ago. The road was then constructing that part of its line which touches the St. Lawrence river, and the wife of one of the English contractors was writing for an English magazine. One day when the boy was acting as driver for a party who were enjoying a sleigh ride upon the glare ice of the river, they saw a number of smelt fishermen, with their little fish houses upon handsleds, a stovepipe issuing from each roof, going to the fishing grounds. The lady asked what the buildings were and was told by the wicked youth that it was a custom with the inhabitants of this country to build their houses upon sleds, and that the winter time was their season of moving. This story, illustrated with a sketch of the houses, soon after appeared in English publications, and the bold, bad boy was unceremoniously bounced by an irate husband immediately upon the wife's ridiculous blunder coming to his notice. It is to be feared that other English writers on America have been the victims of similar misplaced confidence.

Neither Reasonable nor Right.

Nobody desires to have any safeguards touching malicious libel taken down, least of all the reputable press, or to relieve the newspapers from a just responsibility under the law. But when the law presumes malice in the publication of matters of current news coming through the Associated Press, for example, wherein no evil intent can possibly exist, the conditions imposed are neither reasonable nor right.—Bangor Commercial.

Ice Cream made to order and delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161. New England Bakery Young Bros., No. 116 and 118 Government street.

IMPROVEMENTS IN ENGLISH.

Suggestions About Words That May Be Improved by Simpler Spelling.

We need not go the length of the fanatics of phoneticism (who would spell wife yf, knee nee, and write eye in the same manner as the personal pronoun I) to desire a change in the spelling of many English words which are a stumbling block to foreigners as well as to natives. The instances of "plough," "though," "enough," "borough," "cough," "dough," "ought," in which seven words the letters ought to have seven different sounds, are more than sufficient to prove that a reformation in spelling is highly [illegible] ten and printed plow; through, thru or throo; enough, enuf; borough, burrow or burro; cough, cawf; dough, doe, and ought, aut or ort with the r quiescent.

In like manner the verb "to do" ought to be written "to du" or "to doo," and the past tense of "to read" ought not to be spelled in exactly the same manner as the present tense of the same verb; but I did read (pronounced I redd) should be written phonetically; and I did eat (pronounced I et, or I ate) should follow the same rule. Why the double l should necessarily be employed in the words spell, well, bell, smell, fell, and many others, while one l is considered sufficient in rebel, propel, excel, repel, expel, etc., is not apparent to ordinary intelligence, or explicable by any philological and etymological reasons.

Why English writers, talkers and printers should persist in ignoring the past tenses of so many verbs in daily use passes comprehension, so needless and so anomalous is the lazy and incorrect habit into which some good writers, as well as the vulgar, have permitted themselves to fall. "I bid him do it now," is correct, but "I bid him do it yesterday," in which the present tense is used instead of bade in the past, is an indefensible corruption. Among the verbs which have been deprived of their past tenses and their preterites may be specified to bet, to beat, to let, to spread, to shed, to cut, to put and to shut.

There are no grammatical or any other reasons why they should not have been among the verbs which have inflections in other languages, but never had in English, though they ought to have had if intelligent grammarians had had the original ordering of the language. "Can" and "must" have not even the infinitive "to can" and "to must." "Can" has a past tense ("could"), but no future which can only be rendered by the paraphrase "I shall be able" or "it will be in my power." "Must" has neither a past nor a future—"I must do it today" has to be put into the past tense by the roundabout locution, "I was obliged to do it," or "it was necessary that I should do it;" while the future of the verb falloir, which, in the corresponding case, in the more precise language of the French, is il faut, becoming il faudra in the future, is in English only to be expressed by a paraphrase, expressive both of compulsion and obligation in futurity.—Nineteenth Century.

Mr. Hutchinson's Photograph.

The cuts printed in some of the newspapers and labeled "R. P. Hutchinson" were made from sketches taken on the run. Not one of them does him justice, while some of them are little less than caricatures. The sketches, I dare say, were made when he was hurrying in his business or when he was annoyed. Mr. Hutchinson has no photograph of himself. Whether he ever had one made or not I do not know. But I have it from his own lips that he hasn't a photograph, or a painting, or a picture of any kind of himself in existence. A gentleman asked him one day when they were at lunch if he had never had a picture taken when he was a boy. Mr. Hutchinson's reply was: "When I was a boy I had no time for any foolishness of that sort."—Chicago Times.

Love and Transfusion of Blood.

Four years ago Frederick Ayres, of Racine, Wis., became infatuated with the lady who is now his wife, but she preferred some one else. He made way for her more favored suitor. A few days after her engagement she became ill and grew worse rapidly. It was finally decided that the only thing that could save her was the transfusion of blood. Her favored suitor was sorry, but he thought he needed all the blood he had in his system. Ayres offered himself, and the operation was performed with successful results. The engagement was broken, and six months afterward Ayres married the woman.—Chicago Times.

A New White Pitch.

A new white pitch for shipbuilders has been introduced, which, it is claimed, supersedes the present laborious, expensive and inefficient method of white deck seams by working putty into the seams with a knife. The peculiarity of the white pitch is that it is the only material hitherto introduced of a white color that can be run into deck seams in a hot state like ordinary pitch. The material is especially suitable for hot climates, as it will stand a sun heat which would cause ordinary pitch to melt out of the seams.—Philadelphia Record.

Art Notes.

Some of the pot boilers to be seen in our art stores and in private collections show so plainly why they were painted that one cannot help thinking a kitchen stove should go with every specimen.

Pictures are improving in Pittsburg. So are frames, and if the artists do not take care, the carver and gilder will soon be in a position to demand that pictures shall be painted to suit their frames, instead of the other way.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

Hawarden, Mr. Gladstone's country seat, was invaded one day by a little olive colored man, making many gestures and talking a strange jargon; so the servants arrested him as a maniac and possible assassin. Mr. Gladstone was summoned to see the wretch, who turned out to be a Greek professor, speaking no English, who had come all the way from Athens to congratulate the British statesman on knowing Homer's "Iliad" by heart.

British Columbia Board of Trade

THE BOARD ROOM, BANK OF BRITISH Columbia Building, is open daily from 2 to 4 p. m., and members are invited to make free use of the daily and commercial papers, periodicals and books belonging to the board.

au13-1m F. ELWORTHY, Sec.

England vs. United States

BEHRING SEA QUESTION.

England cannot afford to go to war [illegible] United States

BUT WE CAN AFFORD AND WILL SELL

Carpets, Oilcloths & Linoleums

At 15 p. c. Discount for a few days.

Our Mr. Lockhart has been in the Eastern markets and made a personal selection of Wiltons, Brussels, Tapestry, Oilcloths, Linoleums, etc., and we feel confident in saying that we have the best selected stock in the province, which can be purchased for the least money.

CALL AND INSPECT.

C. B. LOCKHART & CO.

Brick block, opposite Clarence Hotel, Douglas street.

MUNICIPAL.

APPLICATIONS WILL BE RECEIVED

UP TO WEDNESDAY THE THIRD DAY of September, inst., at 4 p.m., at the office of the undersigned for the position of Caretaker of the City Hall. Salary $60 per month.

By Order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office, Aug. 28th, 1890. au28

NOTICE to WATER CONSUMERS

Notice is hereby given that the water from the City Waterworks will be turned off the 16-inch main, for the purpose of testing the 12-inch main on Saturday next, the 30th inst., between the hours of 9 a.m. and 6 p.m.

By order of the Water Committee.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Hall, Aug. 28, 1890. au28-td

MUNICIPAL.

Tenders will be received until the 3rd day of September, next, at 4 p. m., at the office of the undersigned, for

The Construction of a fence at Ross Bay Cemetery.

Plan and specifications may be seen at the City Surveyors office.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
City Hall, Aug. 28, 1890.

MUNICIPAL

To Owners of Real Estate

Assessment notices have this day been mailed to all Owners of Real Estate in Victoria City.

In all cases where the numbers of the houses could be obtained from the Directory, the notices have been so addressed.

To prevent any mistakes, all parties are requested to call at the Post Office who do not receive their letters at their place of abode or business.

W. W. NORTHCOTT, Assessor.
aug19-2w

AUCTION SALES.

GEORGE BYRNES, AUCTIONEER

AUCTION.

MILCH COWS, HORSES, Etc.

Monday, 1st Sept., 11 a.m.

I have been instructed

To Sell by Auction at the Fashion Livery Stable, Fort St.

Eight head of well bred Jersey and Durham Milch Cows, 3 Yearling Heifers, and a fine Yearling Jersey Bull.

Three head of Horses broke to Harness and Saddle.

A new Victoria Carriage, shafts and pole.

ALSO—A new American Buggy, etc., etc.

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.
au28

GEORGE BYRNES, AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION.

Saturday, Sept. 20, 11 a. m.

The Foster Gold and Silver Mining Co., (Limited), situate in Lillooet District, under the Winding Up Act.

I have been instructed by the Liquidator of the above Estate to

SELL BY AUCTION

AT MY

Sales Room, Fort & Langley St.

VICTORIA.

All the real and personal property of the above Company situate in Lillooet District, consisting of Three Mineral Grants, being Lots 101, 102 and 103, on Kelly's Creek, 18 miles from Clinton.

Also—A ten-stamp mill with a Pelton wheel and ample water power, 4 Duncan concentrators, a chlorinating plant, and assay outfit, and a quantity of mining tools and material on the ground, the whole to be sold en bloc.

A large amount of work has been done on the mine; a wagon road has been constructed to the property.

There is a large milling and boarding house at the mine, and every facility for continuing the works.

This is the most complete milling plant and property in British Columbia.

For further particulars apply to

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.
aug22-tf

SEASONABLE!

GOODS RECENTLY RECEIVED AT THE WESTSIDE:

Surah Silks, white, cream and fancy.
Pongee Silks, evening shades.
Silk Grenadines, black, plain and broche.
Silk Gauze, white, cream and sky.
Fisherman's Net, colored new shades.
Bavaria Lace Collars, sets and by the yard.
Lace Scarfs, handrun from $2.50 to $20 each.
Opera Wraps, and Cashmere broche scarfs.
Silk Shawls, black and in evening shades.
Silk Vests, full assortment.
Suede Gloves, 16 to 27 inches, mousquetaire.
Kid Gloves, white and evening shades.
Silk Gloves, new shades, to 30 inches in length.
Silk Hose, Morley's make, black and fancy colors.

INSPECTION INVITED.

BARGAINS AT

WE ARE BOUND TO SELL THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

Printed Manchester Lawns, 20 and 25c. reduced to 10c.
White Check Muslins 20c. reduced to 10c.
23 inch Swiss Embroideries 75c and $1.00 reduced to 35 and 40c.
All kinds of White and Light Colored Summer Dress Goods, reduced one-half.
Prints, best English 20c. reduced to 10 and 12½c.
Real bargains in every department for the remainder of the month.

Velvet Ribbons in all Widths

RECEIVED TO-DAY.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

70 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.

BOOTH'S GENUINE

QUININE WINE!

The Best Appetizer and Tonic Known.

SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHER PREPARATIONS

IN SUCH DISEASES AS

Fever and Ague, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers, Dyspepsia, Nervous Affections, Convalescence from Exhausting Diseases, and Functional Derangement of the Stomach.

LANGLEY & CO., 21 and 23 YATES ST.

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

ap19

TO ABBOTSFORD.

From Vancouver { Via Mission-Sumas Branch of C. P. R.

From Seattle { Via Lake Shore and Eastern Railway.

ap17

NEW GOODS---SUMMER.

Mason's Fruit Jars, with Porcelain Lined Caps.

ALSO CLASS TOP FRUIT JARS AND JELLIES, ALL SIZES.

Berry Sets, Dessert Plates, Ice Cream Freezers,
Refrigerators, Meat Safes, Wire Dish Covers,
Lemon Squeezers, Fly Traps, Reed & Rattan Goods.

ART SILK DRAPERIES BY THE YARD

LINOLEUMS---58 Rolls just landed.
CARPETS---New lines of 3-plys & all-wool goods,

ALSO LARGEST STOCK OF

Furniture, Upholstery Goods, Wallpaper, Platedware, Cutlery, Crockery

GLASSWARE, LAMPS, ETC., in the Province.

The Trade Supplied at Lowest Rates.

JOHN WEILER, Showrooms, 51 & 53 Fort St. Factory, Rumbelt Street.

A MINING CAMP.

OUR CORRESPONDENT BIDS IT FAREWELL.

A Slight Sermon on Friendship and Acquaintances—Eulogy Bestowed on Prospectors and Miners—A Little Doctor Fetches a Big Miner to Time.

Any man who has been in a mining camp, and who was not sorry to go away, is no good. Give such a man no credit either for cash or veracity. For three months I have been a student of the Kootenay mines. Will you permit a little preaching? I have spent my years usually searching for a friend, and when I found one it was but to like him too much, and be parted from him. But the comrades of one's own troops, one's messmates in the forcastle, one's partners, one's parishioners and any other crowd with which one shares risks, or discomfort, sorrow, or suffering, are all friends. Pleasures do not bind men's hearts, but hardships do. And so in the mines, on the never-ending slopes of the mountains, in the difficult maze of fallen trees, suffering from heat and mosquitois, persperation and thirst, and from feet very sore, the camp fire was always beautiful, the pork and beans a feast, the blankets a comfort such as money cannot buy, and above all the welcome, something very memorable. My profits have been increased, for I possess a friendship for every man in the camp. Perhaps the success of a little book with which I hope to bring capitalists into the country will be taken as a sign of my gratitude. It is gratitude not for pork and beans but for teaching. I have tried to be a prospector's equal. He is a very strange animal, whose actions are as indiscriminate and inconsequent as those of a woman out shopping. But I am not his equal. He gives his last dollar—he is always at his last dollar—to a man in need. I can't spare four bits. I arrange my facts—he just tells the truth. I am gentle only because my parents were—he is a gentleman by divine right. I sin against others—he only against himself. Excuse my want of taste in talking of myself. Rough he is—rugged in strength and truth, whose courtesies are acts, not words, right from the heart. You are an orderly citizen, and look down upon him, upon his wild unbalanced manhood of the world's frontiersmen. I know the world's ideal citizen and call him a money-grabber. Nearly all the manhood I have seen is run wild.

When I left the Warm Springs it was in the little Galena, placed on the lake by Dr. Hendrix. To him and to his able and kindly officers the country is indebted for the free carriage of the mails, and for innumerable acts of courtesy. Here is a little story about Dr. Hendryx: He was escorting some ladies through Hudson when a railway man who was drunk spoke insultingly in their presence. The railway man was, as the Kootenay Miner would say, three times as big as the doctor, but the doctor took the ladies to a safe place, and then came and smashed a big stick over the railway man and made him run away. Then the railway man apologized with tears, and the doctor went for a gun. A man ought not to insult a woman in camp—it is not healthy. He is apt to get lynched. We called at the lovely little bay where is being erected by Mr. Sayward and Mr. Joshua Davies, of Victoria, a substantial sawmill, and then on up the river to the boundary line where I stopped a few days. The place is a very charming one, surrounded by meadow lands, the celestial empire of mosquitodom, so described on account of the density and exclusiveness of its population. There I had the pleasure of meeting Mr. Dave McLaughlin, son of the founder of Oregon. The old gentleman saw the Columbia basin, a great game preserve of the Hudson's Bay Company, gradually invaded by those ragged and starving settlers who built up in the wilds these now wealthy states of Oregon and Washington. He has seen the British flag pulled down and the stars and stripes thrown to the wind. He has seen the awful smallpox erase the Indian population, and that old estate of man melt away like the snow before the west wind. He has seen a score of rich cities and many broad settlements rise and grow old. And here he still looks down on the course of events, like these old hills look down on the river before his door. I felt as though I were talking with a history book.

But I want to tell you about the ride from Bonner's Ferry to the railway. All my brother writers have in turn made merry at the expense of that wonderful 32 mile stage. We have all in turn died in many and complicated deaths in that merciless old coach. But I got got a saddle horse. The sun was blazing down among the scattered pines, the bushes loaded down with fruit, the wastes aflame with lovely flowers, the wind playing upon the forest as on some great instrument of music; and then there was good company, a prospector coming out from upper Kootenay. So keeping the foot pace for a quiet chat, or breaking away for a glorious gallop through the woods we had such a day as rarely comes to the lot of a poor sinner.

And so good bye to these tremendous gold and silver mines, of generous, hospital, hard-up Kootenay.

H. R. A. POCOCK.

RUM TWO CENTURIES OLD.

It Was Hauled From the Bottom of the Sea and Sampled by a Mayor.

"Did you ever hear the story of the old rum cask?" said Captain John Reece yesterday, as he handed round a fresh box of Havanas to some aged seamen. "Away back in the fifties, about the time that Buchanan was running for president, a fishing schooner named the Airdlie was out on the banks. She was owned in Gloucester, belonging to Tim Jordan, who commanded her. They had been very unlucky. Somehow the fish wouldn't come their way, and finally old Tim said: 'Say, boys, we'll let down our foresheet and try to the east'ard of the banks.' Well, they gets into deeper water and lets down the trawl. When they come to haul it in it was powerful heavy and expectation was high. When it was hauled aboard it contained only a few fish, but hanging in the bight of it was a big hogshead of rum."

"How did they know it was rum?" queried a broker's clerk.

"Hush, why sailors can smell rum a mile off," was the answer, and the clerk looked sheepish.

"The cask was hoisted aboard and examined and on it was the date of 1676, showing that it was nearly two hundred years old. An attempt was made to tap it, but the oak had got so hard that it broke every augur on the schooner. It was taken into Salem and after much difficulty was tapped. All the city dignitaries had assembled on this auspicious occasion, and the duty of having the first taste of this ancient liquor devolved upon the mayor. Slowly a clear, amber-colored fluid trickled out into the glass, and, when about two-thirds full, the mayor raised it reverently to his lips, his courtiers standing around eyeing him in an awestruck manner.

"Throwing his head back, and with a graceful upward turn of the elbow the Chief magistrate allowed the liquid to trickle down his throat. Suddenly he was observed to stop, clap his hands on his stomach, ejaculate, 'Oh, my eyes and limbs!' and perform a war-dance. The fact was all the liquor had, of course, leaked out, and what had soaked in was something worse than bilge water."—Philadelphia Enquirer.

Wines Made to Order.

A Berlin firm of manufacturers and distillers has published a circular in which they offer to supply wine and spirit merchants with every article used in their trade except water, bottles and barrels. For seven dollars it will send enough "essence" to make one hundred gallons of fine old brandy, while rum, gin, fruity port and dry sherry can be obtained at even lower rates. When the essence has been infused into its hundred gallons of water and the mixture has been duly painted and flavored with sugar and with raspberry, blackberry, red currant, or cherry juice to the popular taste, a little of the terra di vino, lime or agar-agar, sold by the same firm, will impart exquisite cleanness and clearness. There is no doubt that a great deal of deception is practiced upon drinkers of wine and liquors. They are a rather gullible lot of persons and imagination has a large part in their enjoyment of high-priced drinks. Charles Dickens once treated some judges of wine to some port which cost three and sixpence a quart, making them believe that it was a rare and costly product of the vine. They smacked their lips, held the wine up to the light and talked of its "body", its fruity flavor and its flowery fragrance with learned appreciation.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Rithet from New Westminster—Miss A Humber, Miss M Collinson, Mrs Reid, Miss Reid, Miss Franklin, Mrs and Miss Heck, Mr and Mrs Monroe, Jas Graham, S Hemans, J Foster, P Buckley, S Martin, G Francis.

Per the Steamer Islander from Vancouver—A Burns, A M Ross, Mrs Ross, A Goldsmith, Miss Craig, A Rye, C D Rand, J Coigdarippe, D Oppenheimer, R Godding, Jos Leu, Miss Dunsmuir, A Jackson, A McPherson, Mrs D Oppenheimer, Jno Hendry, Jno Riley, W H Redmond, Thos Leary, T R Smith, F Wrigley, Whitlin, G B Burland, J Lowe, F C Gamble, C R King, R P Parish, G D Scott, Wm Gill, L Seddell, H Lawrence, Jno Williams.

Per Steamer Olympian from the Sound—W M Waterbury, A Brack, J H Rorn, wife and two children, A Huyer, W W Wynn, W Wahlers, F Franklin and wife, J W Tobay, J Jones, E Holten, R S Stacey, Mrs F B Stacey, Miss Stacey, E Sullivan, H Berg, J Gordon, V Giker, J W Randall, W H Russel, A Nelson, G Parsons, J W Kebble and wife, W Curtis and wife, Miss Giesselman, "Josie" J Orker, R L Bruce, J P Marks, E De Rane, G W Shaver, W Polesland, Mrs Wilson, Mrs Cody, A D Scroggy, R Thompson, J Wanger and wife, G W Randall and wife, W Wilcox.

Per Str City of Kingston from the Sound—Mrs Gould, Mrs Cunningham, J S Fearon, J H Graham, H Greile and wife, J Coalgard, Mrs Powland, R C Gardner and wife, J Randal, Miss A Newman, Miss D Newman, W E Chamberlain, Miss Thompson, C J Allmina, Mrs Healy, Mrs Rielly, Mrs Taylor and daughter, J Elder, F D Robinson, F Hobert, J C Campbell, Miss A Cornfield, Mrs Jenkins, G Walter, J A Mara, Miss Pool, Mrs Epperley, A N Bust and wife, Mrs Mara, H Craft, J C Stephens, E Willace, J Millbuen, Jas Rogers, wife and son, H F Jackson and wife, C S Baxter, F P Gibbs, J O Graham and wife, J McLeod.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Olympian from the Sound—Jno Parker.

Per Str City of Kingston from the Sound—The Singer Mfg Company, C B Lockwood & Co, J H Baker & Co, J Weiler, B Gordon, J Englehart, Bank of B C, J Sehl, A B Bigger, G C Mesner, E G Prior & Co, Royal City Planing Mills Co, E B Marvin & Co, Valo & Brooks J Wilson, Nicholles & Renouf, Geo Vienna, W G Cameron, F Boaz.

Per Steamer Rithet from New Westminster—A R Gray & Co, L Goodacre, R Porter, Van Volkenburg, T G Moody, Lenz & Leiser, S Leiser, W Munroe, A Lewis & Co, Redon & Hartnagle, R Baker & Son, Brackman & Ker, J Piercy & Co, J Tollick, G Vienna, J W & Flett, S Clay, E G Prior & Co, C Strauss & Co, C P N Co, D Spencer, Lawson & Hasenfratz.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—Naval Storekeeper, D Spencer, Lenz & Leiser, B Gordon, J Fell, C Strouss & Co, Robt Ward, J Barnsley, J Hutchinson, Vic Lumber Mfg Co, Order, M Beatty & Son, Dr Wade, H B Co, J & A Clarihue, H Saunders, Fell & Co, J H Todd & Son, B H Ross & Co, A J Rowbotham, Thompson & King, Marvin & Tilton, Langley & Co, E B Marvin, Jones & Shandley, Colbert & Warner, Jno Weiler, Saanich Lime Company, Dom Express Co.

Vino Scolletti Italiano.

At Dixi H. Ross & Co.

Mason's patent reliable fruit jars, ice cream freezers, lemon squeezers, etc., in great variety at John Weiler's.

Baby Buggies, the finest and largest assortment in the city at low prices, from $9.50 up, at J. Sehl's 66 Government street.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE,

Warranted to cure **"APHRODITINE"** or money refunded.

IS SOLD ON A **POSITIVE GUARANTEE** to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhoea, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.

WESTERN BRANCH,

Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.

SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists, Corner of Yates and Douglas streets, nov23eodw1y Sole Wholesale Agent Victoria.

TO LAND OWNERS.

WANTED—LAND TO CLEAR, BY CONtract or day work. Work done thoroughly with the

Hawkeye Grub and Stump Pulling Machine.

[illegible] A. WENRICK, 23 Herald St.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.
Washington, D. C.

By an analysis of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder I find it carefully compounded; and I regard it as the best baking powder in the market in every respect.
PETER COLLIER,
Late Chemist of the United States Department of Agriculture.

FISH'S COMPOUND EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA AND OREGON GRAPE FOR THE LIVER AND BLOOD

The Best Spring Medicine Known.

(Compounded solely from herbs.)

THOMAS FISH, Herbalist and Chemist

86 BLANCHARD STREET, BETWEEN PANDORA AND JOHNSON.

Pupil of the late Saml. Jno. Stratford, M.D., M.R.C.S., Eng.
Over 30 years experience in medicines.

MACHINERY.

Saw, Planing, Flour, Woollen Mill and Brickyard Machinery

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

MILL SUPPLIES KEPT IN STOCK. SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICES.

F. G. STRICKLAND & CO., New Westminster, B.C.
june9-1y

The Bottom Dropped Out of SUGAR, TEA, COFFEE, FLOUR, Bacon and Hams, Fidelity.

I will not quote prices here, but will kindly invite you to come and inspect goods before purchasing elsewhere, when I will quote prices that will astonish you.

PRICES FROM 10 TO 20 PER CENT. LOWER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE CITY

Goods Delivered in the City, at Station or Wharves, Free of Charge.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

WM ECKERT,

173 Government Street, corner Herald.
mar15-8m-dw

CLEARANCE SALE

— OF —

Furniture, Crockery, Glassware, Etc., Etc.

Being about to retire from business, my entire stock of the latest styles of **Furniture, Carpets, Linoleum, Matting, Window Blinds, Curtains and Poles, Children's Carriages, Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Bisque Figures and Ornaments, etc.,** will be sold at such low prices as will effect a speedy sale.

Special inducements in Fine Dinner Sets and other Crockery.

A large shipment, 73 rolls of Linoleum, 12 feet wide, ex Ship WANLOCK, at low rate of freight direct from manufacturers in Scotland, will be sold at bargains.

Intending purchasers will find it to their advantage to give me a call, as they will find my prices lower than any other store in the Province.

JACOB SEHL, 66 & 68 GOVERNMENT STREET
July15-tf

E. G. PRIOR & CO.

—— VICTORIA, B. C. ——

Gilpin and Buford Sulky Plows, Prairie Queen Breaking Plows

Essex Centre No. 30 Jointer Plows.

WHIPPLE WHEEL, ACME AND DISC HARROWS.

Hoosier Seed Drills, Pacific Seeders, Chatham Fanning Mills, Minneapolis Grain Cleaners.

Largest Assortment of Plows and Harrows

IN THE PROVINCE.
sep15d&w

MRS. McGREGOR,

MID-WIFE

Has Diploma from the University of Edinburgh.

RESIDENCE:

Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets.
feb3-f

LEE & CO.,

Lumber and General Commission Brokers,

JANION'S WHARF

STORE STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

AGENTS FOR MORSE SAWMILL.

TELEPHONE No. 46. jy31-1m P.O. Box 105.

STEAMBOATS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER **ISABEL**

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89,

Until further notice.

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo............Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox..........Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo..........Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria........Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or passage apply on board. oc17

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 13,

Taking effect July 17, 1890.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route.

Steamers leave New Westminster for Chilliwhack and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports when sufficient inducements offer.

Bute Inlet Route.

Steamer Rainbow leaves every Tuesday at 7 a.m., for Cowichan, New Westminster, Burrard Inlet, Bute Inlet and way ports.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification. Steamers leave on Standard Time.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every five days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Walla Walla - - - - - Sept. 1st

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

FOR PORT ANGELES

The fast and commodious steamer

EVANGEL

Carrying U. S. mails, leaves Port Townsend every

MONDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY,

At 9 o'clock (Mondays and Thursdays through to Neah Bay) calling at New Dungeness, Port Angeles, Crescent Bay, Syle River, Twin River, Pyscht, Clallam Bay and Neah Bay. Returning Tuesday through to Seattle, Saturday to Port Angeles and return.

THROUGH CONNECTIONS for Port Angeles made at Port Townsend with boats from Victoria on Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

nov13 MORGAN & MANN, Owners.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons)..............
..............FRIDAY, Sept. 12, 1890, 12 m.

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer

ZELANDIA..........SATURDAY, Sept. 20, 1890, 12 m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS.
nov26 General Agents.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 12.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday, May 1st, 1890.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Sat., Sun., Mon.	No. 6 Passenger Saturdays only.	STATIONS.	GOING SOUTH. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Sat., Sun., Mon.	No. 5 Passenger Saturdays only.
De. 8:00 A M	De. 3:00 P M		VICTORIA	Ar. 12:21 P M	Ar. 8:40 P M	
" 8:04	" 3:12		RUSSELL'S	" 12:09	" 8:36	
" 8:14	" 3:22		ESQUIMALT	" 12:10	" 8:30	
" 8:37	" 3:47		GOLDSTREAM	" 11:43 A M	" 8:01	
" 9:13	" 4:12		SHAWNIGAN LAKE	" 10:56	" 7:36	
" 9:44	" 4:32		COBBLE HILL	" 10:4[illegible]	" 6:58	
" 9:57	" 5:07		McPHERSON'S	" 10:27	" 6:41	
" 10:07	" 5:11		KOKSILAH	" 10:17	" 6:31	
" 10:12	" 5:22		DUNCAN'S	" 10:12	" 6:26	
" 10:22	" 5:32		SOMENOS	" 10:02	" 6:16	
" 10:48	" 5:58		CHEMAINUS	" 9:36	" 5:54	
Ar. 11:30	" 6:32	P.M. De. 10:15	NANAIMO (Ar.)	De. 8:31	" 4:56	P.M. Ar. 7:30
De. 11:30			NANAIMO (De.)	Ar. 8:25		
Ar. 12:14 P M	Ar. 7:07	Ar. 10:30	WELLINGTON	De. 8:10	De. 4:41	De. 7:15

ON SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS AND MONDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a single fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

oct1

RAILWAYS.

UNION PACIFIC THE OVERLAND ROUTE

Tickets ON SALE —TO— DENVER

Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago, ST. PAUL, ST. LOUIS,

AND ALL POINTS

East, North and South,

UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY.

STEAMERS.

Tacoma-Victoria Route.

Leave Tacoma .... †8:00 a.m.
Leave Seattle .... 10:00 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend ....
Arrive Victoria .... 1:30 p.m.
Leave Victoria .... †4:00 p.m.
Leave Port Townsend .... †6:00 a.m.
Leave Seattle .... 10:00 a.m.
Arrive Tacoma .... †4:15 p.m.

Tacoma-Seattle Route.

Leave Tacoma—†8:00 a.m.; 12:00 m.; *7:45 p.m.
Leave Seattle—*4:30 a.m.; †2:00 p.m.; *4:30 p.m.

Boats leaving Tacoma 12:30 p.m., and Seattle at 9:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. land at Des Moines.

Seattle-Olympia Route.

Leave Seattle...†4:00 p.m.	Leave Olympia. †7:00 a.m.
Leave Tacoma.. 7:30 p.m.	Lv. Steilacoom.. 9:00 a.m.
Lv. Steilacoom.. 9:00 p.m.	Leave Tacoma.. 10:00 a.m.
Ar. Olympia...†11:00 p.m.	Arrive Seattle..†2:00 p.m.

—†Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. *Daily.

Whatcom, Semiahmoo and Blaine Route.

Stopping at all way landings.

Steamer leaves Seattle daily, except Saturday, for Whatcom at 11 p.m. Arrives at Whatcom daily, except Sunday, at 8 p.m.

Leaves Whatcom for Seattle daily, except Saturday 8 p.m. Arrives at Seattle daily except Sunday, 2 p.m.

Steamers from Semiahmoo and Blaine leave Whatcom every Saturday at 5 p.m. Returning, leave Blaine every Sunday at 10 a.m. for Whatcom and Seattle.

RAIL LINE.

"The Overland Flyer" leaves Portland at 9 p.m. daily, and carries through Pullman Sleepers, Colonist Sleepers, Free Chair Cars and Coaches between Portland and Denver, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, St. Paul or Chicago.

"The Limited Fast Mail" leaves Portland at 7 a.m. daily, and carries Pullman Dining and Sleeping Cars between Portland and Chicago.

C. J. FISHER,
Freight and Passenger Agent
No. 100 Government street, Victoria.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

— THE —

Northern Pacific RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

ELEGANT DAY COACHES.

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First St., cor Washington, Portland Or.

G. G. CHANDLER,
General Agent,
Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria B. C.
Ja07

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The only Transcontinental Line

— RUNNING —

SOLID TRAINS

FROM PACIFIC TO ATLANTIC COAST

— CONSISTING OF —

Palace, Sleeping and Parlor Cars, Elegant Day Coaches, Luxurious Dining Cars, Commodious Colonist Sleepers—the latter free.

THROUGH :-: TICKETS

To St. Paul, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, New York, Boston, Portland and all points in the United States and Canada, can be purchased at less rate than via any other line.

Passengers booked

To and from all European Points

For rates, maps and particulars, call on or address

A. CAMERON,
Fgt. and Pass. Agent,
Government street, Victoria, B. C.

D. E. BROWN,
Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent,
Vancouver mh10

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

— AND —

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address

THOS. A. GRAHAM,
Dis. Pass. Agent
No. 110 South 10th St., Tacoma, Wash.

E. P. ROGERS,
Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt.
d7

The Daily Times.

CITY AND PROVINCIAL.

ANNIVERSARY SUPPER.

The Knights of Pythias in Uniform---A Very Pleasant Evening.

The 28th of August is the anniversary of the founding of the U. R. K. P., and Sir Knights of Victoria Division No. 3, held a meeting last night at their headquarters and after business was over marched through the principal streets accompanied by the band, and very bravely they looked with their neat uniforms and tall scarlet plumes.

The street parade ended at the Steitz restaurant where a bountiful spread had been provided by host Fox, which was done full justice to, after which some informal speech making was done, intermingled with song and story, causing the hours to fly fast. During the course of the evening Capt. Behnson told of the almost phenomenal growth of the order, and mentioned that the great display at Milwaukee was one of the grandest affairs of its kind ever seen, but splendid as it was, it would be excelled next year at Kansas City. Capt. Behnsen also said that no doubt the Sir Knights of British Columbia would have the pleasure of welcoming at no very distant date the Supreme Chancellor, who had made arrangements to visit the Pacific coast next spring.

After a very pleasant evening had been passed, the members of the order and invited guests sought their homes, the former proud of being Kpights, and the latter vowing to become one of them.

ILLECILLEWAET.

Magnificent Collection of Minerals for Toronto---An Entertainment.

A magnificent collection of mineral specimens from this section of West Kootenay are being labelled and boxed up to-day ready for shipment to the Toronto Exhibition. Some sixteen mineral claims will be represented from here and we feel safe in saying no finer specimens have ever been collected for exhibition purposes than those secured from Nelson, Ainsworth, Trail Creek and Illecillewaet. The parties here aimed at securing large specimens from sixty to one hundred and twenty pounds from each claim, and the people in the east will no doubt get an eye-opener when they behold this evidence of the magnificent mineral wealth of West Kootenay, which is undoubtedly the richest prospective mineral region on the American continent. Great credit is due to those assisting in getting the collection together, and to Mr. J. F. Hume, who kindly secured a free passage for the samples from the Hot Springs and Nelson districts and Trail Creek, up from Sproat to Revelstoke on the Kootenay and Columbia Steamboat line. Toad Mountain is represented by the Cariboo, Grizzly, Dandy, Irequois, Toughnut and Silver King mineral claims. Eagle Creek sends specimens from the Poorman, Royal, Canadian and Queen Victoria. Hot Springs camp is represented on a magnificent scale by specimens from the United, Krao, Little Donald, Union, Neosha, Norman, Arkansaw, Black Chief, Sunlight, Number One, Skyline, Spokeane, Little Phil, Flower of Glengary, The Pearl, Tariff, Let-her-go-Gallagher and Kismit mining locations. Trail Creek sends specimens from the Joseph and Center Star claims.

Last but not least comes Illecillewaet, with a magnificent display representing the following claims: Gold Queen, Goat Cave, Bobby, Sanquha, Jumbo, North Star, Sutton, Dunvegan, Gladstone, Blue Bell, Maple Leaf, Roundhill, Maple and Crystal and Pride of Illecillewaet mineral claims.

A splendid entertainment was given in the town hall on Saturday evening which will long be remembered with satisfaction by the people of Illecillewaet. Mr. J. M. Kellie being called to the chair, introduced and welcomed Miss Agnes Knox, who is justly gaining a great reputation as a reader. Miss Knox received a grand reception from an appreciative audience, and her happy selections, executed with marked ability, were received with rounds of applause.

Illecillewaet, Aug. 27.

Have a Wire There.

A jokist entered the local telegraph office and wrote out a dispatch to His Satanic Majesty, directing the same to Hell, and passed the written paper to the clerk, thinking he would have a laugh at the expense of the telegraphic man. Much to the jokist's surprise Mr. Christie gravely checked off the number of words, marked them down, put on the time check "11:30 a.," and turning to the jokist in a business like way said, "five dollars and twenty cents, please, the rate is fifty-two cents a word." The jokist remarked that the message was only for fun, and then clinched, or supposed he did, the argument by saying "you can't charge for sending it, anyway, for you have no wire there." But he was wrong, for a big book, which gives the name of every place where telegraphic communication can be had, was produced, the "h's" turned to, and there in plain letters was to be seen "Hell, Norway, 52 cents." The jokist admitted he was beat, and a smile compromised matters.

The Queen Pays All Expenses.

The Queen's last "Free Trip to Europe" having excited such universal interest, the publishers of that popular magazine offer another and $200 extra for expenses, to the person sending the largest list of English words constructed from letters contained in the words "British North America." Additional prizes, consisting of Silver Tea Sets, China Dinner Sets, Gold Watches, French Music Boxes, Portiere Curtains, Silk Dresses, Mantel Clocks, and many other useful and valuable articles will also be awarded in order of merit. A special prize of a Seal Skin Jacket to the lady, and a handsome Shetland Pony to the girl or boy (delivered free in Canada or United States), sending largest lists. Everyone sending a list of not less than twenty words will receive a present. Send four 3c. stamps for complete rules, illustrated catalogue of prizes, and sample number of the Queen.

Address, The Canadian Queen, Toronto, Canada.

An Improvement.

W. M. Halliday is now busy compiling for R. T. Williams, publisher of the B. C. Directory, the largest and most complete directory of the Province ever published.

Reserve your orders for it. 26-1w.

What to Wear.

To-day there arrived the first consignment of fall goods for gentleman's clothing. They comprise a well selected stock of Scotch, French, and [illegible] and will be made up at reasonable figures, in a first class manner, by J. McCallum, 43 Fort street.

Can't Stand High Tariff.

All the hands recently working in the Newcastle Island quarry have been paid off and it is announced that the quarry would be shut down for an indefinite period. It is well known this company have had great difficulties to contend with in competing for American contracts, as the duty on the importation of this stone is exceedingly high, and in consequence many large contracts had to be thrown up.

An Unlucky Day.

Friday is said to be an unlucky day, but for the firemen Wednesday seems to be worse than any other, especially during that portion of the evening when the council meets. There was a council meeting the night that Mrs. Watson's barn on Johnson street was burnt and for the last four Wednesday nights the aldermen have been disturbed by the clang of the firebell. This is not counting the fire that occurred at the Poodle Dog restaurant during a special meeting of the council a week ago Monday.

Cannot be Surpassed

Mr. Jno. T. Pierre, merchant tailor, has received his first shipment of fall and winter goods, comprising elegant English and American coatings, suitings and trouserings. On inspection they will be welcomed by lovers of choice cloth as they far surpass any previous importation of woolens into British Columbia, and as Mr. Pierre employs none but the best workmen, his customers may depend on having their garments cut and made in a satisfactory manner.

An Ontario Politician.

Lieut.-Col. Hon. A. M. Ross, late Provincial Treasurer for Ontario, and Mrs. Ross, arrived from the east last night and are stopping at the Clarence. Mr. Ross is a Liberal in politics and was first elected to the Legislature in 1875. He was for many years a county treasurer, and from 1870 to 1883 was manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce at Goderich. Mr. Ross' visit is solely for pleasure and like all observing travellers, he has doubtless seen much in British Columbia and Victoria to gratify him, and to give him a still higher opinion of his country.

Beaver Rock.

Beaver Rock, which the Government intend to commence work on in a few days, was about ten years ago the object that a large amount of money was expended on. Mr. Spence, who at that time had charge of the work, was engaged for three years on the job and then did not complete it. He had after quite a little trouble taken out a large scow load of big boulders, the last that had to come out, when the old steamer enterprise, that was wrecked off Ten-Mile point, ran into the scow and turned the rock back into the harbor. Mr. Spence never raised the rock again, and it still lies there, making the water about ten feet shallower than need be.

An Incident.

As No. 3 hose reel was coming back from the fire on the Badger, the boys spied a bright glare in the direction of Chinatown. A quick trot was made for the blaze, which was found to be a big heap of joss paper burning alarmingly near the sidewalk and verandah. Near it was a mammoth, bunch of red candles, all lighted. The Chinese who made the blaze scattered like sheep when the firemen put in an appearance, but one of the Mongolians was caught and asked to explain why the fire had been lit, but like all his countrymen, he "no saveed." The members of the hose reel company meanwhile made short work of the blazing paper, and one of the boys grabbed the big bunch of burning candles and bore them away in triumph, it probably being the first case on record where instead of putting a fire out the firemen carried the blazing combustibles away.

She Was Assaulted.

The quiet residents of Pandora street between Quadra and Vancouver streets, had their sleep broken last night by the screams of a woman who was evidently trying to find how high a note she could reach. The male portion of the residents turned out in force, some half, others fully, and some hardly dressed, only to find a drunken Indian woman, who claimed that she had been assaulted by two men. Her story was evidently true, as two men were seen running away by one of the gentlemen who was first on the scene. This is another case of a drunken woman nearly getting men into trouble, for there is no doubt that the men would have been arrested if the policeman, who, by the way, has a beat of about four miles, had happened to pass at that time. It would have served them right, no doubt, but at the same time a woman who will get drunk and hang around the streets at that time of night is more to blame than the men who assault her.

For Harbor Improvements.

The principal freight by the Islander last evening was a carload of massive machinery consigned to Messrs. J. P. Rithet & Co. of this city. The machinery is for the new dredger now being built at Turpel's ways and is of the latest style and finely finished. The hull of the dredger is very strong and will be completed shortly, when the work of getting her ready for service will be pushed. She will be quite a boon to wharf owners, as she will be able to come close to the dock and dredge, whereas heretofore they have had to employ the government's clam dredger which takes up the refuse very slowly. With Rithet's new dredger doing work for private parties and the government drills and dredgers at work on the rocks Victoria harbor will soon be made so that a vessel of almost any depth will be able to dock.

Stationery at Daley's. jly7-6m

DAY AND MARTIN'S English BLACKING
ECLIPSE GLOSS
FOR LADIES' BOOTS.
Best in the World.
Chas. Gyde, Agent, Montreal
je21-6m

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

A good business chance is offered to a lady or gentleman.

The well known Hair Store, 31 Government street, with fixtures and stock in trade, is offered for sale on the most liberal terms. The business has been established 6 years, and is the only one of its kind in the Province.

Parties wishing to purchase, will be given every opportunity to learn the business.

MRS. C. KOSCHE, 31 Government St., Victoria.
au11-1m

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership heretofore existing between John J. Hayes and Jas. W. Meldram has been dissolved by mutual consent, the undersigned carrying on the business of the firm at the "Ship Inn," Wharf street, receiving all accounts due said firm, and pay all bills.

JAMES W. MELDRAM.
Victoria, Aug. 18, 1890. aug16-1m

NOTICE.

Estate of Richard Hunter, Deceased.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against the estate of Richard Hunter, late of the City of Victoria, B. C., deceased, are requested to send in the same to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of September next.

CHAS. N. CAMERON,
LOUIS G. McQUADE,
Executors.
Dated at Victoria this 31st day of July, A. D. 1890. jy31-td

CHANGE OF BUSINESS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE business at 54 Yates street, known as Steitz Bros. Restaurant and Bakery has this day been sold to Mr. C. C. Fox. It is requested that all bills owing the old firm will be promptly paid, and all outstanding accounts to 28th July, will be paid on presentation by the undersigned. Thanking the public for their generous patronage in the past, we solicit a continuance of the same for our successor.

STEITZ BROS.
Victoria, 28th July, 1890. jy30

In continuing the above business, I respectfully solicit a continuation of the patronage hitherto extended to Messrs. Steitz Bros., and shall endeavor to merit the same by keeping the business up to its present excellent standard, and by careful attention to the wants of my customers.

C. C. FOX.

LICENSE NOTICES.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT AT THE next meeting of the Bench of Licensing Magistrates, of the City of Victoria, I will apply for a transfer of the license to sell wines and liquors by retail at the Grand Pacific Hotel, corner of Johnson and Store streets, held by J. Bossi, to the undersigned.

JAMES DALEY.
Victoria, Aug. 9, 1890. aug9-td

NOTICE

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT AT THE next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners I intend to apply for the transfer of the license from Steitz and Pelletier, 54 Yates street, to C. C. Fox, in the same premises.

C. C. FOX.
Victoria, Aug., 9, 1890. au9

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INtend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Court for the City of Victoria, for permission to sell wines, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors on the premises known as No. 34 Erie street, James Bay, the same being situate on town lot No. 1350 in the City of Victoria.

HENRY GLIDE.
Dated this 4th day of Aug., A.D. 1890. au9tm

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT AT THE next meeting of the Bench of Licensing Magistrates, of the City of Victoria, I will apply for a transfer of the license to sell wines and liquors by retail at the Ship Inn Saloon, situate on Wharf street, held by Felix Ledouis to me.

au8-td JAMES W. MELDRAM.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT the next sitting of the Licensing Court I intend to apply for permission to sell wines and liquors at the premises, No. 105 Yates street.

R. A. SHORE.
Victoria, B. C., Aug. 6, 1890. au6-tf

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INtend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Court for the City of Victoria, for permission to sell wines, spirits, beer and other fermented liquors on the premises known as the Stolly House, situate on the south-west corner of Blanchard and Johnson streets in the said City of Victoria, British Columbia.

JOHN DROLY.
Dated this 6th day of August, 1890. au7

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT AT THE next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners I intend to apply for the transfer of the license of the American Hotel bar, Yates street, from T. Burns to George Shea.

GEO. SHEA.
Victoria Aug. 7, 1890. au7-1m

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INtend to apply to the Licensing Court at its next sitting for a transfer from Joseph C. Devlin to me of his license to sell wines and liquors by retail on the premises situate on the north-east corner of Broad and Yates streets in the City of Victoria.

A. J. ROWBOTHAM.
Dated at Victoria, August 1st 1890. au4-1m

In consequence of the above notice, interested parties have circulated the rumor that I intend to open a bar on my premises. I have no intention of selling liquor, either wholesale or retail, and desire the public to know it.

A. J. ROWBOTHAM.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
Clothiers & Hatters.

FALL GOODS.

VICTORIA, 23rd Aug., 1890.

TO THE PUBLIC:—

The 20 per cent. discount sale is discontinued owing to the arrival of our FALL GOODS, which we do not intend to slaughter as we did the old stock.

We still have some odd suits and balance of Summer goods which will be cleared at cost.

In regular lines we have received some beauties.

FULL DRESS COATS AND VESTS
The very latest just received.

GILMORE & M'CANDLESS,
Telephone Call, 563. 35 Johnson Street.

ADVERTISE NOW

FEW ADVERTISERS
Value sufficiently the prestige a first-class advertisement brings in the business world. You may spend fifty thousand dollars in circulars or pamphlets, and each reader will realize only the cost of one at a few cents. A page advertisement in a first-class daily at five hundred dollars will probably impress your name and business on the mind of every reader for a life time, and each will realize it cost that amount if not more, and rate your standing among your fellows accordingly.

DAILY
AND
WEEKLY

For Prices of Advertising See 4th Page.

LARGEST
CIRCULATION

POOR ADVERTISERS
Are those who are easiest satisfied with their advertising. The man who values advertising does not consider time spent on the subject wasted. Have frequent and judicious changes of your advertisement. The time spent in preparing them is money to you.

IN THE "TIMES."

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE, REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

SHUSWAP AND OKANAGON.

Ten Miles of the New Road Graded—A Fine Grain Country.

Geo. Riley, of T. W. Patterson & Co., contractors for the Shuswap & Okanagon, arrived in the city last evening. He has been on a trip to the east, but stopped over at Enderby to look over the work at present going on. Mr. Riley was seen by a TIMES reporter this morning and said the work was going on well, although not as fast as they wished for as men were scarce and he came here for the purpose of employing 500 laborers who he wants to go to work at once. Ten miles of road has already been graded, however, and the contractors are confident of reaching Enderby this fall. Twenty-six car loads of rails are now on the ground already and things are lively among the camps. Crops which are always good in that section of the Province are better than ever this season ranchers are looking forward to the opening of the new road so that they will have an easy access to the markets. Some of the past years when crops were good, farmers have been known to feed wheat to their cattle as they had no chance of getting it out of the country. Mr. Riley says it is the finest country he has ever seen and there are homes for thousands of people could shortly build up fine farms for themselves. The only drawback, he says, is that the land is held mostly by speculators who hold enormous blocks of land. Some of the blocks held would make homes for a hundred people, whereas it is held by one individual. The railway, however, will no doubt open up the country and when it is finished one of the very best wheat, and in fact, agriculture countries on the continent will be made known by the grain that will be shipped east and west.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

C. D. Rand is in town.

F. C. Gamble, C.E., is at the Driard.

John Henry, of Westminster, arrived last night.

J. A. Mara, M.P., and Mrs. Mara are in the city.

W. R. Redmond has returned from the Mainland.

J. Hemers came down from Westminster last night.

J. Lowe, deputy minister of the interior, is in the city.

Dr. Furrer and J. McIntosh, of Kamloops, are in the city.

Prof. Sharpe went over to Seattle this morning for a week.

Mayor Oppenheimer and wife, of Vancouver, are in the city.

Mrs. W. P. Lindley went to Seattle this morning on a visit to friends.

Geo. Riley, of the Shuswap and Okanagan, is in town on business.

Prof. Hookway will play the organ in the Methodist church next Sunday.

J. A. Mara, M.P., and Mrs. Mara, came over from the Mainland last night.

Geo. Riley, of the S. and O. R. Company, came down from Sicamoos last night.

C. H. Gibbons and wife are expected home by the Islander this evening from a trip to the east.

W. J. Goepel and party have returned from a two weeks camping out, and look much better in health for it.

G. B. Burland, president of the Burland Lithographic Company of Montreal is spending a few days in Victoria.

F. G. Quick was a passenger to Port Townsend this morning. It is said he goes in connection with a big deal in real estate.

Jas. Wrigley, chief commissioner of the Hudson Bay Co., Winnipeg, arrived last night and is at the Driard. T. R. Smith, assistant commissioner, who went over to Vancouver to meet Mr. Wrigley, also arrived down on the Islander.

J. G. Morgan, of the New York Life Insurance Company, is in the city on his annual tour. Next to talking insurance, Mr. Morgan loves to descant on Manitoba and the 20,000,000 bushels of wheat that it will have for export this year. Mr. Greenway ought to give some of those roving Winnipegers a commission for advertising the province.

NAUTICAL NOTES.

Items of Interest Along the Water Front—General Marine News.

The German ship Elise will load lumber at Hastings for Australia.

The H. B. Co. contemplate building a steamer for the Skeena River trade.

The deck hands in the R'thet became tired last night and quit work for a time. Their places were filled by other men.

The steamer Yosemite will take the place of the Islander on the Victoria-Vancouver route while the latter boat is on her northern trip.

The steamer Olympian did not arrive from the Sound until 7 o'clock last evening, she having been detained at Seattle taking on sheep for this city.

The steamer Badger, injured by fire the other night, is to be at once repaired. Temporary jettings will be put up, and she will be set to work as soon as possible, full repairs being made as she goes on.

Arrangements have been made by Capt. Banning of the San Diego and Port Crescent Land and Improvement company, whereby the steamer Hermosa will be transferred from Southern California to Puget Sound, where she will ply between Tacoma and Port Crescent. The Hermosa was a disastrous investment for Capt. Banning. He invested $200,000 in Southern California when the boom was in blast.

Fifty-eight pieces linoleums, latest designs in all widths and qualities, just arrived at John Weiler's. *

You should secure a lot in Fernwood. Beautiful residential property. Enquire of the leading estate agents. *

Thermometer at Cochrane & Munn's.

Temperature to-day, 75 deg.

Russell, McDonald & Co.

Fall catalogue and price list is now ready and will be mailed free to any part of the province on application.

Baggage Express.

The Driard Transfer Co., Northern Pacific office, Government street, connects with all trains and steamboats. Baggage checked to Puget Sound and all eastern points. je12

New Arrivals.

Every day will be found in our city hotel registers the names of the new arrivals; but no mention will be made of the elegant lot of carpets just arrived for Hastie & Erskine. Persons furnishing will do well to see them at 62 Government street, before purchasing elsewhere. Patterns and prices are right. *

Brooks-Edwards.

Mr. T. Brooks and Miss A. J. Edwards was married at Christ Church Cathedral last evening, by Rev. A. Beanlands. The wedding was a very quiet one, only a few friends of the parties being present. Both of the young people are recent arrivals here, but have already made a great many friends with whom the TIMES joins in wishing them happiness through life.

An Honored Knight.

Conductor A. G. Black, a Sir Knight of Pythias, has been placed on the retired list in the Order, with the rank of lieutenant for life. This is an honor only occasionally conferred by the Supreme Lodge, and is a recognition of some valuable and knightly service. If Mr. Black is as popular among the Knights as he is with the public, the only wonder is that he was not made a general.

Borne to the Grave.

All that is mortal of the late Hon. T. B. Humphreys was this afternoon consigned to the grave. Mourning friends gathered in numbers to do honor to the memory of one whose bright intellect is stilled forever. The funeral service, which was held at the residence of Mrs. Watkins, Meara street, was conducted by Rev. P. McF. Macleod. The pallbearers were Hon. John Robson, Hon. T. Davie, T. Earle, M. P., D. M. Eberts M. P. P., Messrs. J. R. Hett, Rob. Humphrey, H. H. McDonald, and Morris Moss. The hearse was followed to the cemetery by a long line of carriages containing relatives and friends.

The World Enriched.

The facilities of the present day for the production of everything that will conduce to the material welfare and comfort of mankind are almost unlimited and when Syrup of Figs was first produced the world was enriched with the only perfect laxative known, as it is the only remedy which is truly pleasing and refreshing to the taste and prompt and effectual to cleanse the system gently in the Spring time or, in fact, at any time and the better it is known the more popular it becomes.

BRIEF LOCALS.

The Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Bush fires are prevalent along the line of the E. & N. R. R., and many fences have been burned thereby.

Some of the latest novelties in the new lot of silverware just received by Lange & Co. *

H. Young, of the White House, is having an elevator put in for the convenience of his patrons.

"Montserrat" Lime-Fruit Juice is the standard summer drink throughout England, and is delightfully cool and refreshing.

Labor day is to be celebrated in good shape at Seattle. Banks and business houses will close, and a big demonstration be made.

The Cariboo stage robbers have not been caught, nor are they likely to be. By this time they are probably safe on the other side of the boundary line.

The Wanderers turned out last night in greater force than usual, and attracted considerable attention. The run was confined to the city streets, the wheelmen not going far afield.

The pyrotechnic display, to be given in connection with the Westminster exhibition, is to be a glorious one, and will be, it is claimed, more radiant than the star Jupiter and more glorious than the tail of the great comet.

The Ross-McLaren mill near Westminster will soon start cutting lumber. A monster band saw is being placed in position. Besides supplying a portion of the local demand, the mill will load one vessel a week for foreign ports.

A young man named Thomas Blair died at the Brunswick Hotel last night. He was a native of Toronto, and had been a resident of this city about six weeks. His brother took charge of the remains and the funeral takes place to-morrow.

A seal caught by Willie Vianen, Westminster, committed suicide. To give it a swim, a rope was tied around its neck, and in a couple of hours it was found hanging dead in the water. The seal of course, ought to have known better, and hence the Westminster paper says it was a case of suicide.

The honorary treasurer of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital begs to return the hearty thanks of the Board of Directors to Miss Sophie Chambers for her handsome donation of two hundred dollars ($200), part proceeds of her concert on Tuesday last, likewise to the whole of the ladies and gentlemen who so ably assisted her on that occasion.

Capt. Pittendrigh, a well known and old-time resident of Westminster, has just made his first visit to Vancouver, which is only about twelve miles distant. It is related of the gallant captain that when he stood on the balcony of the Vancouver House and surveyed the metropolis, he stated his conviction that the story of Rip Van Winkle was not a myth after all.

Merchants Luncheon.

From 11:30 until 2 o'clock and Lowenbrau at the Bank Exchange. *

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar. *

THE FINISHING TOUCHES

For the Citizens' Ball at Assembly Hall To-Night.

The busiest place in Victoria at three o'clock to-day was probably at the Assembly rooms, where a large force of men were putting the final touches to the decorations for the Citizens' Ball this evening. A force of sailors and marines under the efficient direction of Mr. Moss were arranging draperies, and suspending great Japanese parasols from the lofty ceiling. A force of carpenters were completing the work in the ladies' cloak and card rooms. A number of ships' stewards were busy setting the long tables. Two Chinese cooks with several assistants were busily plying their trade in the kitchen, and a number of ladies and most of the general committee were present superintending the whole.

The decorations promise to surpass anything of the kind hitherto undertaken at the Assembly rooms. The wall of evergreen at the end of the great dancing hall gives a beautiful effect to the other elaborate conceits. The supper will be all that can be desired. A peep into the pantry revealed an imposing array of eatables, and drinkables, and "more on the stove."

For weeks the dressmakers have been busy with beautiful fabrics, and it is whispered that some of the loveliest and most costly gowns ever seen here will be worn to-night. If beautiful surroundings, feasting and dancing can make them all happy, no guest will go away from the Assembly Rooms disappointed with to-night's provision for their pleasure.

SPORTING NOTES.

Brief Resume of Sporting Matters Here and There.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—A special to the Sun from Dublin says: A glove match took place here last night between Alf Bowman, middle-weight champion of England and Peter Maher, champion of Ireland, under the Marquis of Queensberry rules. The contest was a desperate one. The men having been matched to fight 25 rounds for a purse of £50, were in splendid condition, and came to the scratch in fine style. Although the Irishman hits heavier and his reach is longer than his opponent, he is not, however, so good a boxer as Bowman who was a favorite at the opening. During the first two rounds, the men confined themselves to sparring, Bowman showing superiority as a boxer. In the third and fourth rounds Maher forced the fighting, driving Bowman up to the ropes and repeatedly knocking him down. The fifth round was a perfect whirlwind, Maher fighting Bowman all round the ring, even forcing him over the ropes. When time was called for the sixth, Bowman rose from the ground with difficulty, only to be knocked down again. A heavy blow on the head left him prostrate, and amid a terrific burst of applause on the part of his Irish admirers, Maher was declared the victor.

BASEBALL.

A game of baseball will be played at James Bay to-morrow between the Beach club and Orange Leaves. The players are as follows:

Beach Club		Orange Leaves
P. Freeman	c.	Frank Clegg
W. McDowell	p.	H. Jessie
F. Stephens	1st b.	A. Finlayson
W. Smith	2nd b.	R. Butler
W. Stevens	3rd b.	R. Finlayson
F. Sears	s.s.	L. Rosecamp
L. Peacock	r.f.	E. Jessie
S. Smith	c.f.	D. Kennedy
T. McMicking	l.f.	R. Lang

A. Smith umpire.

THE FORTH BRIDGE.

It is the Grandest and Most Wonderful Construction of This Century.

Of all the monuments of this century, the stupendous bridge across the Forth in Scotland, is the grandest and most surprising construction. The Frith of Forth is a wide estuary, so deeply indenting the eastern coast of Scotland as to necessitate an expensive and tedious transhipment of commerce across the gulf, or a long tour around it. For 25 years efforts have been made to obtain a permanent way over the estuary, but the difficulties to be encountered were so great that it is only within the last half of the past decade that engineering genius and mechanical skill have been sufficiently developed to render this greatest of metal structures possible.

A few miles west of Edinburgh the firth or gulf, suddenly contracts, leading in ancient times to the establishment of a ferry between Fife on the north and the town of Queensferry on the south. The estuary here is a little less than a mile and a half wide, and very opportunely a small rocky islet exists almost in the center, which, formerly the home of a horde of pirates, now becomes the central pier of the great bridge.

Curiously, also, that part of the gulf lying between Queensferry and Fife contains the only rock to be found for miles above the mouth, thus marking the one appropriate place where adequate foundations for so mammoth a structure can be obtained. Between the little island and either shore extends a space of nearly half a mile, where no foundation was feasible, and which, therefore, must be crossed without a single pier, thus outspanning by several hundred feet all existing bridges.

Serious gales sweeping through the estuary exert on the surface of so exposed a structure an enormous force, and to avoid a parallel catastrophe to the caging of the unfortunate Tay bridge the most skillful engineering has been exercised. As the bridge runs nearly north and south, in the morning the east side, and in the afternoon the west side is exposed directly to the rays of the sun while the corresponding opposite sides are in the cool shadow. As a result, temperature stresses are introduced, causing the whole mass to wriggle and twist to a considerable degree. In so large a mass of metal effects of temperature must be carefully provided for, lest its insidious operation shall lead to destruction.

Commencing at Queensferry on the south, the approaches to the bridge, consisting of ten short girders of 168 feet span, extend over the low shores to the first great cantilever. From the the main abutments the entire frith is crossed by three immense trusses forming two central spans, each 1710 feet in the clear, with two side spans of 690 feet.

The trusses are balanced upon their foundations, and the weight of a passing train transmitted through them is resisting as an upward pull by the anchorages on either side of the gulf. The cantilever bridge possesses a very marked advantage in the ease with which it may be erected; for this very balancing on its foundations enables the engineer to build out over the water simultaneously in both directions, using the truss work of the bridge as the scaffold on which to erect additional pieces as fast as it is completed. By this means the expense of enormous underneath supports, which would have been enormous in the case now under consideration, where the depth of water in the gulf is over 200 feet, is entirely avoided.

The railway track crosses the bridge at the height of about 150 feet above the water, giving ample head room for vessels of all descriptions above the rails, while above the track the huge trusses tower upward more than 200 additional feet. To withstand the violent gales of the Forth, the bridge has been proportioned to resist a wind pressure of about 8000 tons, and in the structure itself nearly 60,000 tons of steel have been employed. At any one time the weight of trains on the bridge would not exceed 2000 tons, so that, curiously enough, the weight of the structure itself is thirty times that of the load which it is intended to carry, while the wind pressures are at least four times as great.—Frank Leslie's Monthly.

Abusive Alliteration.

The war between St. Paul and Minneapolis, arising from the census, is conducted with vigor. A description of the Minneapolis people made by a St. Paul journal is a remarkable piece of abuse and alliteration:—"It is peopled with plotters and padders, their prompters, promoters, protectors and procurers; with purse-proud plunderers of pine lands, with pestilent pot-house political prigs, with their packers of precinct primaries, and their pap-fed and place-hunting parasites; with the pals of pickpockets and pluckers of pigeons; with picayune peddlars of peanuts and popcorn; with petty plebeian pilferers and puffed up pirates patrician; with prodigal paupers and penurious plutocrats; with pig-headed patriots, the poll-parrot puppets of the pushers and puffers of Padville."

Humorous War Stories.

Congressman Allen of Mississippi never tires of telling funny stories about the war. Here are two: A Confederate soldier in a certain regiment had become noted for running away from every fight. On one occasion his captain found him in line as an unexpected attack opened. Standing behind him the captain drew his pistol and said: "Now, John, up to this time you have run from every fight. You have disgraced yourself on all occasions. Now, if you stir from the line this time I intend to shoot you dead. I shall stand here, right behind you, and if you start to run I shall certainly kill you." John heard the captain through, and drawing himself up to an unusual height, exclaimed: "Wall, captain, you may shoot me if you like, but I'll never give any low-lived, low-down Yankee the privilege of doing it." At Murfreesborough a Confederate soldier was rushing to the rear with all the speed he could command. An officer hailed him and sneeringly inquired why he was running so fast away from the Yankees. The soldier, without stopping, yelled back: "Because I can't fly."—Galveston News.

If you wish to get your washing out of the way in the morning get a box of Pendray's electric soap. Twenty bars for one dollar. *

DIED.

BAKER—In this city, on the 28th inst., Richard Baker, a native of London, Ont., aged 45 years.

The funeral will take place from Jas. Baker's residence, 65 Pembroke street, on Saturday at 2:30 p. m.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*U. S. Government Report, Aug. 17, 1889.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I have closed out my pork packing business on Yates street on account of the high tariff, and I take this opportunity of thanking my customers for their kind patronage in the past. All persons having accounts against the firm will please address them to P.O. box 4.., and those indebted will please settle.

au29-1w W. W. EVANS & CO.

LABORERS.

500 LABORERS WANTED TO WORK ON the Shuswap and Okanagon Railway, near Sicamous station on the line of the C. P. R. Highest wages paid to good men. Twenty miles of station work will be let at once at 10 and 14 cents per yard. Rock and earth work will be continued through the winter months. T. W. PATTERSON & CO. Contractors.

For information as to fares, wages, etc., apply to Simon Leiser, Yates street. aug29

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LECTURE.

PROF. JAS. W. ROBINSON,

Dominion Dairy Commissioner and Professor of Dairying at the Dominion Agricultural College, Guelph, will give a lecture, under the Auspices of the

B. C. Agricultural Association

AT THE

Philharmonic Hall, on Saturday Eve'ng. Sept. 13, 1890.

Subject—"Animal Husbandry,"

With a view to the development of the Dairy interests and industry in the Province. A large attendance is especially requested. Admission Free. C. E. RENOUF,

au25 eod-dw Sec. B.C. Agricultural Ass'n.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT "THE BRITISH Columbian Investment and Loan Society Limited," will, after the expiration of three months from the date hereof, apply to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council to have its name changed to "The British Columbia Deposit and Loan Company, Limited."

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN, Bastion street, Victoria.

Dated the 27th day of Aug. A.D. 1890. au28-3m

MONEY TO LOAN.

The Queen City Building, Loan and Saving Association, L'td.

The Board of Directors will receive bids on

Wednesday, September 3rd, at 8 p.m.

AT THE

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, 46 FORT ST.

FOR THE USE OF

$1000 with the privilege of an additional $1000 to be loaned by the Association.

For particulars apply to the undersigned. BY-LAWS AND PROSPECTUS of the Association furnished on application. By order

au28-7t B. WILLIAMS, Sec.

GRAND CONCERT,

—IN THE—

Y. M. C. A. ROOMS

By the Celebrated Musicians

Signors Bistolfi and Montanelli

Assisted by the best local talent, in aid of

THE LADIES' AUXILIARY.

Saturday, Aug. 30th.

ADMISSION - 50c

Tickets can be procured from M. W. Waitt & Co., and members of the Association. au27-4t

CITIZENS' BALL

TO

Rear-Admiral Hotham, C.B., and Officers of the Squadron.

ASSEMBLY ROOMS,

AUGUST 29, 1890.

Tickets can be obtained of the following gentlemen: T. R. Smith, Esq.; W. H. Ellis, Esq.; T. B. Hall, Esq.; Alderman Holland, Ald. Goodacre, W. Dalby, Esq.; A. McCandless, Esq.; T. Shotbolt, Esq.; Ald. Smith, W. Lorimer, Esq.; A. W. Jones, Esq.; D. R. Harris, Esq.; G. A. McTavish, Esq.; C. A. Vernon, Esq.; Mayor Grant, F. G. Richards, Esq.

OR

J. R. ANDERSON,

Hon. Secretary.

Victoria, B. C. Aug. 23, 1890. aug23-td

C. P. N. Co., Ld.

S.S. ISLANDER

WILL

Leave Victoria on Sept. 15th,

For all Ports North as far as

NASS & MASSET,

Queen Charlotte Island.

This trip furnishes a splendid opportunity for 10 or 12 days holiday amongst the finest scenery in the country.

Fare is placed at the low rate of $30 for round trip.

au25 JOHN IRVING, Manager.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

THE PUBLIC DECEIVED.

THERE IS A PARTY HERE CANVASSING for a book entitled "Heroes of the Dark Continent" which he is representing to be Stanley's book, this is false, and if you have subscribed for this trash you have been deceived into purchasing a practically unreliable book.

Stanley says once for all that these people cannot by any possibility publish anything of his but what they have dishonestly appropriated from his previous works. His own book will bear the title "In Darkest Africa," and will be published in two octavo volumes, containing about 1130 pages, 16 maps, 150 illustrations, and will bear on the title page the imprint of the Chas. Scribner's Sons and the Presbyterian News Co.

R. Lees is our only representative in Victoria.

J. R. KERR,

Manager J. K. GILL & CO., Victoria, B.C.

au25-3w

Arrived.

Curling tongs and lamps, ladies pen knives, scissors, etc. and a full line of shaving materials at M. & H. A. Fox's, 78 Government street.

HUNTING COATS,

—MADE OF—

10 oz. Mode Duck.

2 Large Outside Pockets,

4 Small Breast Pockets,

With a continuous inside skirt pocket made deep and with leather straps for holding game, sewn with linen thread and secured with copper rivets at all places likely to rip.

FOR SALE AT

CAMERON'S,

55 JOHNSON STREET.

BELYEA & GREGORY,

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.

OFFICE:

White House Block, Victoria, B. C.

au19 P. O. BOX 683.

DE VEULLE & CRUICKSHANK,

Real Estate & Financial Brokers,

TROUNCE AVENUE.

au15-tf

WING ON

Pioneer Grocer and Provision Dealer.

Intelligence Bureau.

ALL KINDS OF CHINESE HELP FURNISHED.

20 Cormorant Street, Victoria.

au13-1m

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

Re J. Dougan, Deceased, Intestate.

ALL PERSONS HAVING ANY CLAIMS against the estate of the above named, deceased, are requested to forward the same to the undersigned, on or before the 22nd day of September next, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to pay the same forthwith.

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,

Solicitors for the Administrator.

Dated this 22nd day of Aug., A.D. 1890.

aug23-10t dw

WANTED.

BOARD AND LODGING ON VERY REASONABLE terms can be obtained for two children in a pleasant and healthful locality on the seaside near Victoria. An excellent school within a short distance. Apply to

FELL & CO., FORT ST.

aug20

HIDES.

Highest cash price paid for

Hides, Sheep and Calf Skins,

AT

F. Norris' Harness Shop or at the Rock Bay Tannery.

aug19-tf

The JAPANESE BAZAAR

41 FORT STREET.

33 CASES PER S.S. ABYSSINIA

Tea Sets, Tea Pots in great variety, Lacquered Trays in many shapes, Flower Pots in red, green and blue ware, Old Curios.

Beautiful carved black wood Brackets, Book Shelves and corner Whatnots.

Very fine carved figures in Ivory.

Various Ornaments in bronze and antimony.

Curious paintings on glass.

Silk, quilted Skirts, embroidered Squares, richly embroidered Curtains, embroidered Dressing Gowns.

Gold and silk brocade.

Choice teas from Japan and India.

Try our Brand of M. F. Blended Japan and Indian Teas.

A QUALITY JAPAN RICE.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.,

41 Fort Street, Victoria.

jus3-tf